January 1 – December 31, 2024

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services as a Member of *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess (HMO)*.

This document gives you the details about your Medicare health care coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2024. **This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.**

For questions about this document, please contact our Customer Service number at (800) 801-1770 for additional information (TTY users should call 711). Hours of operation: April 1st through September 30th Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; October 1st through March 31st seven days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. This call is free.

This plan, *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*, is offered by *Health Alliance Plan of Michigan*. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says "we," "us," or "our," it means *Health Alliance Plan of Michigan.* When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess).*

Benefits, premiums, deductibles, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2025.

The provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

- Your plan premium and cost sharing;
- Your medical benefits;
- How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment;
- How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
- Other protections required by Medicare law.

Health Alliance Plan (HAP) has HMO, HMO-POS, PPO plans with Medicare contracts. Enrollment depends on contract renewal.

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2024 Evidence of Coverage

Table of Contents

CHAPTER 1:
Getting started as a member

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 You are enrolled in *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*, which is a Medicare HMO

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care through our plan, *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*. We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan differ from Original Medicare.

HAP Medicare MedicalAccess is a Medicare Advantage HMO Plan (HMO stands for Health Maintenance Organization) approved by Medicare and run by a non-profit organization. *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* does not include Part D prescription drug coverage.

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information.

Section 1.2 What is the *Evidence of Coverage* document about?

This *Evidence of Coverage* document tells you how to get your medical care. It explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of the plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment.

The words *coverage* and *covered services* refer to the medical care and services available to you as a member of *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*.

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* document.

If you are confused or concerned or just have a question, please contact our plan's Customer Service.

Section 1.3 Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage*

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called *riders* or *amendments*.

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* between January 1, 2024 and December 31, 2024.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* after December 31, 2024.

We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2024.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* each year. You can continue each year to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B.
- -- *and* -- You live in our geographic service area (Section 2.2 below describes our service area). Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.
- -- *and* -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States.

Section 2.2 Here is the plan service area for *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*

HAP Medicare MedicalAccess is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in Michigan: Allegan, Arenac, Barry, Bay, Berrien, Branch, Calhoun, Cass, Clare, Clinton, Eaton, Genesee, Gladwin, Gratiot, Hillsdale, Huron, Ingham, Ionia, Iosco, Isabella, Jackson, Kalamazoo, Kent, Lake, Lapeer, Lenawee, Livingston, Macomb, Mason, Mecosta, Midland, Monroe, Montcalm, Muskegon, Newaygo, Oakland, Oceana, Ogemaw, Osceola, Ottawa, Saginaw, Sanilac, Shiawassee, St. Clair, Tuscola, Van Buren, Washtenaw and Wayne.

If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of this plan. Please contact Customer Service to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

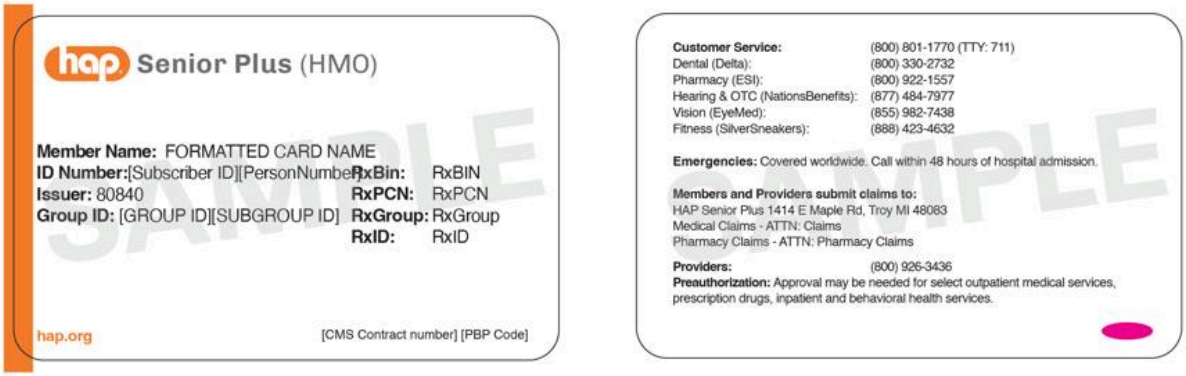
Section 2.3 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

SECTION 3 Important membership materials you will receive

Section 3.1 Your plan membership card

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card whenever you get services covered by this plan. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here's a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:



Do NOT use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you are a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare approved clinical research studies also called clinical trials.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Customer Service right away and we will send you a new card.

Section 3.2 Provider Directory

The *Provider Directory* lists our current network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers. **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full.

You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization you will have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (that is, in situations when it is unreasonable or not possible to obtain services in-network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

If you don't have your copy of the *Provider Directory*, you can request a copy (electronically or in hardcopy form) from Customer Service. Requests for hard copy Provider Directories will be mailed to you within three business days.

SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*

Your costs may include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)
- Optional Supplemental Benefit Premium (Section 4.3)

Medicare Part B premiums differ for people with different incomes. If you have questions about these premiums review your copy of *Medicare & You 2024* handbook, the section called *2024 Medicare Costs*. If you need a copy, you can download it from the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 4.1 Plan premium

You do not pay a separate monthly plan premium for *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*.

Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

HAP Medicare MedicalAccess provides a $50 Medicare Part B premium reduction. This reduction will be reflected in your monthly Social Security check.

You must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan. This includes your premium for Part B. It may also include a premium for Part A which affects members who aren't eligible for premium free Part A.

Section 4.3 Optional Supplemental Benefit Premium

If you signed up for extra benefits, also called *optional supplemental benefits*, then you pay an additional premium each month for these extra benefits. See Chapter 4, Section 2.2 for details.

If you have selected the optional dental benefit, your premium for Delta Dental Plan 50 is $19.10, Delta Dental Plan 70 is $29.50, and Delta Dental Plan 100 is $51.90.

SECTION 5 More information about your monthly premium

Section 5.1 There are several ways you can pay your plan premium

This section may or may not apply to you. It applies to you only if you selected an optional supplemental dental benefit. In this section, we call any amount due your 'plan premium.'

There are three ways you can pay your plan premium. To select or change your method of payment please contact HAP Customer Service (telephone number on the back cover of this book) and they will be happy to send you the required forms and assist you with the process.

1. Pay by Check
2. Register at www.hap.org/login and click "Pay My Bill" where you view your invoice and make a one-time payment or setup recurring payments.
3. Have your plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check

Option 1: Paying by check

You may decide to pay your monthly plan premium directly to our plan. We will bill you for your monthly premium payment each month, approximately three weeks before it is due.

Payment must be received before the end of the previous month. You may pay for more than one month at a time, at your discretion. You can either mail (check only) your payment or deliver (check or cash) it in person, to the address in the first section of this booklet. Make checks payable to HAP Senior Plus and not CMS nor HHS. HAP cannot accept cash in the mail.

Option 2: Make an online payment

You can pay your premium using Pay My Bill, an easy, secure online payment option. Register at www.hap.org/login and click "Pay My Bill" where you can view your invoice and choose your payment method.

Option 3: Having your premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check

Changing the way you pay your premium. If you decide to change the way you pay your premium, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your plan premium is paid on time. To change your payment method, contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

What to do if you are having trouble paying your plan premium

Your plan premium is due in our office by the end of the previous month. If we have not received your premium by the last day of the month, we will send you a notice telling you that your plan membership will end if we do not receive your premium within 90 days.

If you are having trouble paying your premium on time, please contact Customer Service to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your costs.

If we end your membership because you did not pay your premiums, you will have health coverage under Original Medicare.

At the time we end your membership, you may still owe us for premiums you have not paid. We have the right to pursue collection of the amount you owe. In the future, if you want to enroll again in our plan (or another plan that we offer), you will need to pay the amount you owe before you can enroll.

If you think we have wrongfully ended your membership, you can make a complaint (also called a grievance); see Chapter 7 for how to file a complaint. If you had an emergency circumstance that was out of your control and it caused you to not be able to pay your premiums within our grace period, you can make a complaint. For complaints, we will review our decision again. Chapter 7, Section 9 of this document tells how to make a complaint or you can call us at (800) 801-1770 between April 1st through September 30th: Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; October 1st through March 31st: seven days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. TTY users should call 711. You must make your request no later than 60 days after the date your membership ends.

Section 5.2 Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?

No. We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year, we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

SECTION 6 Keeping your plan membership record up to date

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage including your Primary Care Physician.

The doctors, hospitals, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you**. Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

Let us know about these changes:

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home

- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study (**Note:** You are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies you intend to participate in but we encourage you to do so)

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Customer Service.

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan

Other insurance

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Customer Service. You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the primary payer and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the secondary payer, only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
    - If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.

  - If you're over 65 and you or your spouse or domestic partner is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.

- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

CHAPTER 2:
Important phone numbers and resources

SECTION 1 *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Customer Service)

How to contact our plan's Customer Service

For assistance with claims, billing, or member card questions, please call or write to *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* Customer Service. We will be happy to help you.

Method	Customer Service – Contact Information
CALL	(800) 801-1770 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation: April 1st through September 30th: Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; October 1st through March 31st: seven days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Hours of operation: April 1st through September 30th: Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; October 1st through March 31st: seven days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
WRITE	HAP Medicare Solutions, ATTN: Customer Service, 1414 East Maple Rd., Troy, MI 48083
EMAIL	msweb1@hap.org
WEBSITE	www.hap.org/medicare

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision or appeal about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on asking for coverage decisions or appeals about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints*)).

Method	Coverage Decisions and Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	(800) 801-1770 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation: April 1st through September 30th Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; October 1st through March 31st seven days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Hours of operation: April 1st through September 30th Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; October 1st through March 31st seven days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
FAX	(313) 664-5866
WRITE	HAP Medicare Solutions, ATTN: Customer Service, 1414 East Maple Rd., Troy, MI 48083
WEBSITE	www.hap.org/appeals

How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints*)).

Method	Complaints about Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	(800) 801-1770 Calls to this number are free. Hours of operation: April 1st through September 30th Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; October 1st through March 31st seven days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Method	Complaints about Medical Care – Contact Information
TTY	711 Calls to this number are free. This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Hours of operation: April 1st through September 30th Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; October 1st through March 31st seven days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
FAX	(313) 664-5866
WRITE	HAP Medicare Solutions, ATTN: Customer Service, 1414 East Maple Rd., Troy, MI 48083
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care you have received

If you have received a bill or paid for services (such as a provider bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill, see Chapter 5 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services*).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 7 *(What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints))* for more information.

Method	Payment Requests – Contact Information
FAX	(313) 664-5866
WRITE	**For medical claims:** HAP Medicare Solutions, ATTN: Claims. 1414 East Maple Rd., Troy, MI 48083 **For pharmacy claims:** HAP Medicare Solutions HMO, ATTN: Pharmacy Care Management, 1414 East Maple Rd., Troy, MI 48083
WEBSITE	www.hap.org/forms

SECTION 2 Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227 Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
WEBSITE	www.Medicare.gov This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes documents you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state. The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools: • **Medicare Eligibility Tool:** Provides Medicare eligibility status information. • **Medicare Plan Finder:** Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an *estimate* of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans. You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* • **Tell Medicare about your complaint:** You can submit a complaint about *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program. If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website and review the information with you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)

SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In Michigan, the SHIP is called Michigan Medicare/Medicaid Assistance Program.

Michigan Medicare/Medicaid Assistance Program is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Michigan Medicare/Medicaid Assistance Program counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. Michigan Medicare/Medicaid Assistance Program counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES:

- Visit *https://www.shiphelp.org/* (Click on SHIP LOCATOR in middle of page)
- Select your **STATE** from the list. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

Method	Michigan Medicare/Medicaid Assistance Program – Contact Information
CALL	(800) 803-7174
TTY	(888) 263-5897 Office hours are 8:00 am to 7:00 pm EST, Monday through Friday (except holidays).
WRITE	6105 W. St. Joseph Hwy, Suite 204, Lansing, MI 48917-4850
WEBSITE	www.mmapinc.org

SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For Michigan, the Quality Improvement Organization is called Livanta BFCC-QIO Program.

Livanta BFCC-QIO Program has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Livanta BFCC-QIO Program is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact Livanta BFCC-QIO Program in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

Method	Livanta BFCC-QIO Program (Michigan's Quality Improvement Organization) – Contact Information
CALL	(888) 524-9900, Monday through Friday, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. and Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays 11 a.m. to 3 p.m.
TTY	(888) 985-8775: This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	Livanta BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701
WEBSITE	www.livantaqio.com

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

Method	Social Security– Contact Information
CALL	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
TTY	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov

SECTION 6 Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid. The programs offered through Medicaid help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These **Medicare Savings Programs** include:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- **Qualifying Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums.
- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact Michigan Department of Health and Human Services.

Method	Michigan Department of Health and Human Services Michigan Beneficiary Helpline– Contact Information
CALL	(800) 642-3195, Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

Method	Michigan Department of Health and Human Services Michigan Beneficiary Helpline– Contact Information
TTY	(866) 501-5656. This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	Michigan Department of Health and Human Services 333 S. Grand Ave., PO Box 30195, Lansing, MI 48909
WEBSITE	www.michigan.gov/mdhhs

SECTION 7 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

Method	Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free. If you press "0", you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on Wednesday. If you press "1", you may access the automated RRB Help Line and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
TTY	1-312-751-4701 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are *not* free.
WEBSITE	rrb.gov/

SECTION 8 Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Customer Service if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this

document.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

CHAPTER 3:
Using the plan for your medical services

SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, equipment, Part B prescription drugs, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

Section 1.1 What are network providers and covered services?

- **Providers** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term providers also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.
- **Covered services** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

Section 1.2 Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan

As a Medicare health plan, *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

HAP Medicare MedicalAccess will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- **The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart** (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this document).
- **The care you receive is considered medically necessary**. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

- **You have a network primary care physician (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.** As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.1 in this chapter).

  - In most situations, your network PCP must give you approval in advance before you can use other providers in the plan's network, such as specialists, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, or home health care agencies. This is called giving you a *referral*. For more information about this, see Section 2.3 of this chapter.
  - Referrals from your PCP are not required for emergency care or urgently needed services. There are also some other kinds of care you can get without having approval in advance from your PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.2 of this chapter).

- **You must receive your care from a network provider** (for more information about this, see Section 2 in this chapter). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) will not be covered. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished. *Here are three exceptions:*

  - The plan covers emergency or urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Section 3 in this chapter.
  - If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover but there are no specialists in our network that provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider at the same cost sharing you normally pay in-network. Authorization must be obtained from the plan prior to seeking care. In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, see Section 2.4 in this chapter.
  - The plan covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The cost sharing you pay the plan for dialysis can never exceed the cost sharing in Original Medicare. If you are outside the plan's service area and obtain the dialysis from a provider that is outside the plan's network, your cost sharing cannot exceed the cost sharing you pay in-network. However, if your usual in-network provider for dialysis is temporarily unavailable and you choose to obtain services inside the service area from a provider outside the plan's network the cost sharing for the dialysis may be higher.

SECTION 2 Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care

Section 2.1 You must choose a Primary Care Physician (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care

What is a PCP and what does the PCP do for you?

When you become a member of our plan, you must choose a network provider to be your PCP. Your PCP is a physician who meets state requirements and is trained to give you basic medical care. The types of doctors who can be selected as a PCP include Family Practitioners, General Practitioners, Geriatric and Internal Medicine physicians.

As we explain below, you will get your routine or basic care from your PCP. Your PCP will also coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a member of our plan. For example, in order for you to see a specialist, you usually need to get your PCP's approval first (this is called getting a "referral" to a specialist). Your PCP will provide most of your care and will help you arrange or coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a member of our plan. This includes:

- x-rays
- laboratory tests
- therapies
- care from doctors who are specialists
- hospital admissions, and
- follow-up care

"Coordinating" your services includes checking or consulting with other network providers about your care and how it is going. If you need certain types of covered services or supplies, you must get approval in advance from your PCP (such as giving you a referral to see a specialist). In some cases, your PCP will need to get prior authorization (prior approval) from us. Since your PCP will provide and coordinate your medical care, you should have all of your past medical records sent to your PCP's office. Chapter 6, Section 1.4 tells you how we will protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. You will usually see your PCP first for most of your routine health care needs. There are some types of covered services you can get on your own, without contacting your PCP first except as we explain below. It is always a good idea to have your PCP coordinate all of your care.

How do you choose your PCP?

It is very important that you select a PCP as soon as you join *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*. The *Provider Directory* provides you with information PCPs. If you have not selected a PCP or need assistance in selecting a PCP, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may change your PCP at any time, as explained later in this section.

If there is a particular *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* specialist or hospital that you want to use, check first to be sure your PCP makes referrals to that specialist, or uses that hospital.

Changing your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP. The change will be effective immediately upon receipt of request. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP. To change your PCP, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). When you call, be sure to tell us if you are seeing specialists or getting other covered services that needed your PCP's approval (such as home health services and durable medical equipment). Customer Service will help make sure that you can continue with the specialty care and other services you have been getting when you change your PCP. They will also check to be sure the PCP you want to switch to is accepting new patients. Customer Service will change your membership record to show the name of your new PCP, and tell you when the change to your new PCP will take effect.

You can also change your PCP in the member section of our website at www.hap.org/login.

If your PCP leaves the plan, we will notify you by mail. We will also let you know if you have been moved to another PCP and/or provide instructions on how to select a new PCP of your choice.

Section 2.2 What kinds of medical care can you get without a referral from your PCP?

You can get the services listed below without getting approval in advance from your PCP:

Routine women's health care, which includes breast exams, screening mammograms (x-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network provider.

Flu shots, COVID-19 vaccinations, Hepatitis B vaccinations, and pneumonia vaccinations as long as you get them from a network provider.

Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers.

Urgently needed services are covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.

Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area. If possible, please call Customer Service before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you are away.

Eye care through an optometrist (as long as you receive this care from a network provider).

You do not need to contact your PCP to obtain behavioral health services, such as mental health counseling or alcohol or substance abuse rehabilitation. Contact our Coordinated Behavioral Health Management Department (CBHM) at 1-800-444-5755 for assistance coordinating care

with a HAP Senior Plus mental health services provider. CBHM staff is available Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., or 24 hours a day for emergencies. CBHM can provide you with a referral to an appropriate network provider.

Section 2.3 How to get care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.
- Some specialty and other services require approval from your PCP in advance (a "referral or authorization"). If you don't have a referral or authorization before you get services from a specialist, you may have to pay for these services yourself. If the specialist wants you to come back for more care, check first to be sure that the referral or authorization (approval in advance) you got from your PCP for the first visit covers more visits to the specialist.
- You will need to obtain a prior authorization from your PCP when a provider is not in our plan. The plan Medical Director will review and make a decision on your authorization. Refer to Chapter 4, Section 2.1 for information about which services require prior authorization.

What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?

It is important that you know that we may make changes to the hospitals, doctors and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves your plan you have certain rights and protections summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We will notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
    - If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within the past three years.
    - If any of your other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care from them, or have seen them within the past three months
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified in-network provider that you may access for continued care.

- If you are currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are receiving continues.
- We will provide you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and options you may have for changing plans.
- We will arrange for any medically necessary covered benefit outside of our provider network, but at in-network cost sharing, when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs. Prior authorization is required.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to manage your care.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider, or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the QIO, a quality of care grievance to the plan, or both. Please see Chapter 7.

You may call Customer Service for assistance (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 2.4 How to get care from out-of-network providers

As a member of our plan, you may choose to receive care from out-of-network providers, however, our plan will only cover services from in-network providers. The exceptions to this are:

- If you need urgent or emergency care world-wide.
- Dialysis services if you are out of the service area and are not able to access contracted ESRD providers.
- When providers of specialized services are not available in-network your PCP will work with the plan to obtain authorization for receiving the needed care out-of-network. Prior authorization is required. With a prior authorization the services will be covered as if in-network.

SECTION 3 How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

Section 3.1 Getting care if you have a medical emergency

What is a medical emergency and what should you do if you have one?

A **medical emergency** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent your loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The

medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do *not* need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You do not need to use a network doctor. You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories, and from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they are not part of our network.
- **As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency.** We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. The number to call is on the back of your membership card. For information about HAP Utilization Management, please call the Customer Service team at the number on your ID card. They will answer your questions or transfer you to a Utilization Management team member if needed. Our business hours and description of departments are listed below.

	Type of service	**Hours of operation**
Admissions team	Answers questions about admissions, transfers, and inpatient review	Monday through Friday 8am – 5pm call **313-664-8833 option #3** **TTY 711**
Referral team	Answers questions about outpatient prior authorizations and services, such as durable medical equipment, in-home care, home infusion and end-of-life care	Monday through Friday 8am – 4:30pm call **313-664-8950 option #1** **TTY 711**
Inpatient Rehabilitation/Skilled Nursing	Answers questions about skilled nursing facilities and rehabilitation services	Monday through Friday 8:30am – 5pm call **313-664-8833 option #1** **TTY 711**

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan.

If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, we will cover additional care *only* if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

You go to a network provider to get the additional care.

– *or* – The additional care you get is considered urgently needed services and you follow the rules for getting this urgent care (for more information about this, see Section 3.2 below).

Section 3.2 Getting care when you have an urgent need for services

What are urgently needed services?

An urgently needed service is a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. For example, an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition that you have or a severe sore throat that occurs over the weekend. Urgently needed services may be furnished by out of-network providers when it is unreasonable, given your circumstances, to obtain immediate care from network providers.

A listing of network urgent care centers is included in the Provider Directory, and is also available online at www.hap.org/network. You can contact Customer Service (phone numbers printed on the back cover of this booklet), and they can assist you in finding the nearest urgent care center.

Our plan covers worldwide emergency and urgent care services outside the United States under the following circumstances:

- Urgently needed services (services you require in order to avoid the likely onset of an emergency medical condition)

- Emergency care (treatment needed immediately because any delay would mean risk of permanent damage to your health)

For more information, see the medical benefits chart in Chapter 4 of this booklet.

Section 3.3 Getting care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: www.hap.org/medicare/care-during-disaster for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing.

SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?

Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

If you have paid more than your plan cost-sharing for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 5 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services*) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

HAP Medicare MedicalAccess covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document. If you receive services not covered by our plan or services obtained out-of-network and were not authorized, you are responsible for paying the full cost of services.

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. *These costs do not count toward the out-of-pocket maximum.*

SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?

Section 5.1 What is a clinical research study?

A clinical research study (also called a clinical trial) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies

are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically request volunteers to participate in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study *and* you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. If you tell us that you are in a qualified clinical trial, then you are only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in that trial. If you paid more, for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount, we will reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. However, you will need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to tell us or to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of our plan's network of providers. Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations (NCDs) and investigational device trials (IDE) and may be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, covered for Medicare Advantage enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study that Medicare has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study*.

Section 5.2 When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan. However, you are required to submit documentation showing how much cost sharing you paid. Please see Chapter 5 for more information for submitting requests for payments.

Here's an example of how the cost sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs $100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is $20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be $10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay $80 for the test and you would pay the $20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would then notify your plan that you received a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation such as a provider bill to the plan. The plan would then directly pay you $10. Therefore, your net payment is $10, the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits. Please note that in order to receive payment from your plan, you must submit documentation to your plan such as a provider bill.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by visiting the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare and Clinical Research Studies*. (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf.) You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution

Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

Section 6.2 Receiving Care from a Religious Non-Medical Health Care Institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is "non-excepted."

- **Non-excepted** medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- **Excepted** medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to *non-religious* aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
  - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care;
  - *– and –* You must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility or your stay will not be covered.

Care in a Medicare-certified religious non-medical health care institution is limited only in accordance with limitations noted in the Medicare Inpatient Hospital coverage limits as described in the benefit chart in Chapter 4.

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

Section 7.1 Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan, even if you made up to 12

consecutive payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined our plan. Under certain limited circumstances we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Customer Service for more information.

What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. The payments made while enrolled in your plan do not count.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare do not count. You will have to make 13 payments to our plan before owning the item.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You were in our plan but did not obtain ownership while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You will have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you join Original Medicare again. All previous payments (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) do not count.

Section 7.2 Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance

What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage, *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

If you leave *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for five years. During the first 36 months you rent the equipment. The remaining 24 months the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you are still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After five years, you may choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the five-year cycle begins again, even if you remain with the same company, requiring you to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the five-year cycle starts over.

CHAPTER 4:
Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter provides a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*. Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services. Section 2.2 of this chapter explains the extra "optional supplemental" dental plan benefits you can buy for an additional cost.

Section 1.1 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services

To understand the payment information, we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services:

- **Copayment** is a fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- **Coinsurance** is a percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable.

Section 1.2 What is the most you will pay for covered medical services?

Because you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, there is a limit on the amount you have to pay out-of-pocket each year for in-network medical services that are covered by our plan. This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket (MOOP) amount for medical services. For calendar year 2024 this amount is $4,500.

The amounts you pay for: copays, and coinsurance for in-network covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. If you selected an optional dental plan, your dental plan premium and amount you pay for dental services you receive do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some other services do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the Medical Benefits Chart. If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of $4,500, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for in-network covered services. However, you must continue to pay the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

Section 1.3 Our plan does not allow providers to balance bill you

As a member of *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*, an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers may not add additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works:

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, $15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
    - If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
    - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral or for emergencies or urgently needed services.)
    - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral or for emergencies or outside the service area for urgently needed services.)
- If you believe a provider has *balance billed* you, call Customer Service.

SECTION 2 Use the *Medical Benefits Chart* to find out what is covered and how much you will pay

Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.

- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B prescription drugs) *must* be medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered, unless it is emergent or urgent care or unless your plan or a network provider has given you a referral. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished.
- You have a primary care physician (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. In most situations, your PCP must give you approval in advance before you can see other providers in the plan's network. This is called giving you a referral.
- Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered *only* if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called prior authorization) from us. Covered services that need approval in advance are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart by a footnote.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less.* (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your *Medicare & You 2024* handbook. View it online at www.medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)
- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2024, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.

Important Benefit Information for Enrollees with Chronic Conditions

- If you are diagnosed with the following chronic condition(s) identified below and meet certain criteria, you may be eligible for special supplemental benefits for the chronically ill.
    - Diagnosed with chronic heart failure (CHF), chronic lung disorders, chronic and disabling mental health conditions, chronic alcohol and other drug dependence, autoimmune disorders, cancer, cardiovascular disorders, dementia, diabetes, end-stage liver disease, end-stage renal disease (ESRD), severe hematologic disorders, HIV/AIDS, neurologic disorders, and stroke.
- Please go to the *Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill* row in the below Medical Benefits Chart for further detail.

- Please contact us to find out exactly which benefits you may be eligible for.

 You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.

Medical Benefits Chart

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Acupuncture for chronic low back pain Covered services include: Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered for Medicare beneficiaries under the following circumstances: For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as: • Lasting 12 weeks or longer; • nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious disease, etc.); • not associated with surgery; and • not associated with pregnancy. An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually. Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing. Provider Requirements: Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements. Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa) (5) of the	You pay a $0 copay for acupuncture services for chronic low back pain from a primary care provider per visit. You pay a $35 copay for acupuncture services for chronic low back pain from a specialist provider per visit. Limited to 20 visits per year for chronic low back pain. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Acupuncture for chronic low back pain (continued) Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have: • a masters or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and, • a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia. Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.	
Ambulance services Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non-emergency situation, include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan. If the covered ambulance services are not for an emergency situation, it should be documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required. **Note:** The Medicare ambulance benefit is a transportation benefit. Without a transport *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* cannot pay for ambulance services. Therefore, if you refuse ambulance transport or treatment, and you are not transported to a facility, ambulance services will not be covered. HAP participates in a Community Paramedics Program, that uses paramedics, in specific counties where participating, after a 911 call to provide treatment in place, when possible, rather than a transport to an emergency or hospital setting. This alternate treatment plan provides the option to receive treatment at home instead of an unnecessary transport to the emergency room. If transport is needed, the ideal site of care	$275 copay for Medicare-covered ambulance services. You pay this amount for each one-way trip. Prior authorization is required for non-emergency transport services.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Ambulance services (continued) will be chosen.The ambulance copay will apply when treatment is provided through the Community Paramedics Program regardless if the ambulance ultimately provides transport.	
Annual physical exam An examination performed by a primary care physician. This is covered once every 12 months. Services include: • An age and gender appropriate physical exam, including vital signs and measurements. • Guidance, counseling and risk factor reduction interventions. • Administration or ordering of immunization, lab tests or diagnostic procedures.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual physical exam. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Annual wellness visit If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months. **Note**: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your *Welcome to Medicare* preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a *Welcome to Medicare* visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit. If you receive additional services (i.e. lab tests, immunizations, diagnostic tests), cost sharing for those services may apply if outside the scope of the annual wellness visit.
Bone mass measurement For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Breast cancer screening (mammograms) Covered services include: • One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 • One screening mammogram every 12 months for women aged 40 and older • Clinical breast exams once every 24 months	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Cardiac rehabilitation services Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs. Note: We only cover phase I and phase II cardiac rehabilitation services.	$0 copay per each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitation services visit. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease) We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Cardiovascular disease testing Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months).	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Cervical and vaginal cancer screening Covered services include: • For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months • If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Chiropractic services Covered services include: • Manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation • Routine care covered for one office visit and set of x-rays (up to 3 views) every year performed by a chiropractor.	$20 copay for each covered chiropractic services visit. $35 copay for x-rays. Covered once per year. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Colorectal cancer screening The following screening tests are covered: • Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer preventive screening exam, including barium enemas. If your doctor finds and removes a polyp or other tissue during the colonoscopy or flexible sigmoidoscopy, the screening

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Colorectal cancer screening (continued) • Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient received a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or barium enema. • Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months. • Multi target stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. • Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. • Barium Enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy. • Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patient not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy. • Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.	exam becomes a diagnostic exam. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Companion Care* HAP has partnered with Papa to combat loneliness and social isolation by connecting companions with our members for companionship and help with instrumental activities of daily living. Some services include assisting you with grocery shopping, medication pick up, technical guidance and light house help. For those who qualify, you are eligible for 8 hours per month of in-home support services by Papa. For more information, please call the Papa Pal toll-free at 1-855-467-0941 (TTY: 711), 8:00 am - 11:00 pm, 7 days a week or visit their website at www.papa.com/members.	$0 copay for companion care. Must use Papa. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Dental services* In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. However, Medicare currently pays for dental services in a limited number of circumstances, specifically when that service is an integral part of specific treatment of a beneficiary's primary medical condition. Some examples include reconstruction of the jaw following fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams preceding kidney transplantation. In addition, we cover: • 2 oral exams, 2 prophylaxis (cleanings), or 2 periodontal cleanings and 2 fluoride treatments every calendar year. • 1 set of bitewing x-rays every calendar year; full mouth x-rays or panoramic x-rays are covered once per 5 years. Full mouth and bitewing x-rays are not payable the same year. • Covered comprehensive services include: fillings, crown repairs, simple extractions/oral surgery, endodontics (root canals) and brush biopsy. Bridges, crowns and dentures are not covered. Bridge relines and repairs are covered. • Maximum benefit for preventive and comprehensive dental services of $3,000. • Dental services are not subject to the maximum out-of-pocket. For Medicare covered Dental services see the Physician/Practitioner services section of this Medical Benefits chart. To verify that a Dentist is a Medicare Advantage Participating Dentist, you can use Delta Dental's online Dentist Directory at deltadentalmi.com/Find-a-Dentist.aspx or call (800) 330-2732 (TTY Users call 711).	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive dental services, radiographs, bridge relines and repairs or brush biopsy. You pay 50% for fillings, crown repairs, simple extractions/oral surgery and endodontics (root canals). You must use a participating Delta Dental provider. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Depression screening We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Diabetes screening We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes. Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months. Members previously diagnosed with diabetes are **not** eligible for this benefit.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered diabetes screening tests. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include: • Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors. • For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting. • Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions. Note: Insulin pump and pump needles and continuous glucose monitors (CGM) are covered as a DME benefit. Please see Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for diabetic self-management training or for diabetic supplies and therapeutic shoes. Note: Certain continuous glucose monitors obtained from a pharmacy will have a $0 copay. Prior authorization rules may apply. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (For a definition of durable medical equipment, see Chapter 10 of this document as well as Chapter 3, Section 7.) Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers. We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. The most recent list of suppliers is available on our website at www.hap.org/network. Click on "Explore our network" on the website and look for DME providers under Services.	20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered item. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply. Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is 20% coinsurance, every month for the first 36 months of rental. After 36 months, there is no cost sharing for the next 24 months. After 5 years, if there is still a medical need, a new 36 month cost-sharing period will begin. If prior to enrolling in *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* you had made 36 months of rental payment for oxygen equipment coverage, your cost sharing in *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* is 20% coinsurance.
Emergency care Emergency care refers to services that are: • Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and • Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition. A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require	$110 copay for each Medicare-covered emergency room visit worldwide. The emergency care copay is waived if you are admitted to the hospital from the emergency department. Observation stay is not an admission. If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Emergency care (continued) immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse. Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network. Emergency care is covered worldwide. There is no benefit limit for your worldwide emergency benefit.	care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must have your inpatient care at the out-of-network hospital authorized by the plan and your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at an in-network hospital. $110 copay for each covered emergency room visit outside the United States.
Fitness Benefit* As a member, you have a fitness benefit through Silver Sneakers ® at no additional cost. SilverSneakers can help you live a healthier, more active life through fitness and social connection. You are covered for a fitness benefit through SilverSneakers at participating locations[1]. You have access to instructors who lead specially designed group exercise classes[2]. At participating locations nationwide[1], you can take classes[2] plus use exercise equipment and other amenities. Additionally, SilverSneakers FLEX® gives you options to get active outside of traditional gyms (like recreation centers, malls and parks). SilverSneakers also connects you to a support network and virtual resources through SilverSneakers LIVE™ classes, SilverSneakers On-Demand™ videos and our mobile app, SilverSneakers GO™. All you need to get started is your personal SilverSneakers ID number. Go to SilverSneakers.com to learn more about your benefit or call 1-866-553-8342 (TTY: 711) Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. ET. **Always talk with your doctor before starting an exercise program.** 1. Participating locations (“PL”) are not owned or operated by Tivity Health, Inc. or its affiliates. Use of PL facilities and amenities is limited to terms and conditions of PL basic membership. Facilities and amenities vary by PL.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the fitness benefit. Must use a SilverSneakers participating location.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Fitness Benefit* (continued) 2. Membership includes SilverSneakers instructor-led group fitness classes. Some locations offer members additional classes. Classes vary by location. SilverSneakers and SilverSneakers FLEX are registered trademarks of Tivity Health, Inc. SilverSneakers LIVE, SilverSneakers On-Demand and SilverSneakers GO are trademarks of Tivity Health, Inc. © 2022 Tivity Health, Inc. All rights reserved.	
Health and wellness education programs Members have access to many health education programs on the HAP web site www.hap.org/health, including: • Online health risk assessment to build an improvement plan and track progress to health goals based on personal input and risks • Healthy recipes/eating healthy • Member events • HAP balanced living featuring health and wellness related topics dedicated to helping members live a balanced life • Health education • Nutritional education • Unlimited sessions of smoking and tobacco cessations counseling • Fitness benefit (SilverSneakers®) • Population Health Programs: learn more about our programs that can help you take care of your health www.hap.org/health-programs/population-health-programs • Care Management program & instructions for making referrals to Care Management, please call (800) 288-2902 • Remote access technologies	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for health and wellness education programs. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Hearing services Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider. You must obtain your hearing aids from a NationsHearing provider. Please contact NationsBenefits by phone toll-free at	$0 copay per Medicare-covered diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations exam from a primary care provider. $35 copay per Medicare-covered diagnostic hearing exam and balance evaluations

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Hearing services (continued) 1-877-484-7977 or visit their website at members.nationsbenefits.com/hap to schedule an appointment. Covered Services include: • One (1) routine hearing exam per calendar year. • Fitting and evaluation for hearing aids per calendar year • Up to two (2) hearing aids per calendar year. Hearing aid purchases include: • 3 follow-up visits within first year of initial fitting date • 60-day trial period from date of fitting • 60 batteries per year per aid (3-year supply) • 3-year manufacturer repair warranty • 1-time replacement coverage for lost, stolen or damaged hearing aid (deductible may apply per aid) *Hearing aids not subject to the maximum out-of-pocket.*	from a specialty care provider. Audiology diagnostic services are not routine hearing services and are **not** provided by a NationsHearing provider. If you receive these medical audiology diagnostic services other cost sharing may apply. If you see a hearing provider that is part of a hospital-based practice, you will pay your outpatient hospital facility cost share. Please also refer to "**Outpatient Hospital Services**" within this Medical Benefits Chart for more coverage information. $0 copay per annual routine hearing exam from a NationsHearing provider. $0 copay per hearing aid evaluation and fitting exam from a NationsHearing provider. **Must use NationsHearing for all hearing aid services.** $689 copay per aid for Basic technology level. $989 copay per aid for Prime technology level. $1,539 copay per aid for Advanced technology level. $2,039 copay per aid for Premium technology level.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Hearing services (continued)	If you receive additional services, cost-sharing for those services may apply.
HIV screening For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover: • One screening exam every 12 months For women who are pregnant, we cover: • Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Home health agency care Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort. Covered services include, but are not limited to: • Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week) • Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy • Medical and social services • Medical equipment and supplies **Note:** HAP participates in a Mobile Integrated Health (MIH) Program through the Henry Ford Health that supports members by providing in-home care as an alternative to an emergency department visit or hospital re-admission based on a member's clinical need. The program is targeted to members who have a high probability of hospital re-admission, post-discharge.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for home health agency care. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Home health agency care (continued) Eligible members are pre-identified for this program based on risk score, and/or risk for re-admission. Outreach will be done to eligible members to enroll them in the voluntary MIH program. Once enrolled, MIH paramedics, under the direction of a Henry Ford Health physician, will perform at least 2 home visits over 30 days to provide a number of services that address specific health care needs that traditionally require emergency medical services (EMS), emergency department (ED) care, or hospital admission.	
Home infusion therapy Home infusion therapy involves the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to an individual at home. The components needed to perform home infusion include the drug (for example, antivirals, immune globulin), equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters). Covered services include, but are not limited to: • Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with the plan of care • Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit • Remote monitoring • Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier	$0 copay for each Medicare-covered home infusion therapy visit. Please also refer to "**Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies**", "**Home health agency care**" and "**Medicare Part B prescription drugs**" within this Medical Benefits Chart for more coverage information. If you receive additional services, cost-sharing for those services may apply. Many home infusion drugs are covered under Part D prescription drug benefit. Prior authorization rules may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Hospice care You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Your plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in the plan's service area, including those the MA organization owns, controls, or has a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider. Covered services include: • Drugs for symptom control and pain relief • Short-term respite care • Home care When you are admitted to a hospice you have the right to remain in your plan; if you chose to remain in your plan you must continue to pay plan premiums. <u>For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis</u>: Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for. You will be billed Original Medicare cost sharing. <u>For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis</u>: If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network and follow plan rules (such as if there is a requirement to obtain prior authorization). • If you obtain the covered services from a network provider and follow plan rules for obtaining service, you only pay the plan cost sharing amount for in-network services	When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*. $0 copay for a one-time only hospice consultation with a primary care physician. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Hospice care (continued) • If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare) For services that are covered by *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B: *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost sharing amount for these services. **Note:** If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services. Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.	
Immunizations Covered Medicare Part B services include: • Pneumonia vaccine • Flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary • Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B • COVID-19 vaccine • Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules Your plan also does not cover Medicare Part D drugs. The vaccine to prevent shingles is a Part D drug, for instance, and therefore it is not covered by your plan. You would pay 100% of the cost for a Part D vaccine and the administration of the vaccine. Your plan does not cover immunizations you may receive for the purpose of travel, work or school.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, Hepatitis B, and COVID-19 vaccines. 20% coinsurance of the allowed amount for other Medicare Part B vaccines if you are at risk. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Inpatient hospital care Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day. Covered services include but are not limited to: • Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary) • Meals including special diets • Regular nursing services • Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units) • Drugs and medications • Lab tests • X-rays and other radiology services • Necessary surgical and medical supplies • Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs • Operating and recovery room costs • Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy • Inpatient substance abuse services • Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion.	For each Medicare-covered inpatient hospital admission/stay: $325 copay per day for days 1-5, starting the day you are admitted. $0 copay for additional hospital days. There is no limit to the number of days covered by the plan. If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply. When you are inpatient at a hospital, you could be transferred within the same facility to receive a different type of service (e.g. rehabilitation). When this occurs, you will be responsible for a new cost-share for the new service that you receive. Prior authorization rules may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Inpatient hospital care (continued) • Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need per calendar year. • Physician services Medicare has a limitation on inpatient hospital days. With HAP Senior Plus Medical Only you are covered for an unlimited number of inpatient hospital days for medically necessary hospital admissions. **Note:** To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff. You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask! This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.	
Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay. *There is a lifetime limit of 190 days for inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital. The 190-day limit does not apply to inpatient mental health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital.*	$325 copay per day for days 1-5; $0 copay per day for additional Medicare-covered inpatient hospital care in a plan psychiatric hospital. Your costs start applying on the day you are admitted. You pay this amount for each benefit period. There is no cost to you for additional Medicare-covered psychiatric hospital days during the benefit period. A benefit period begins the day you go into a psychiatric

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital (continued)	hospital. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital for 60 days in a row. (See Chapter 12 for our plan's definition of **"Benefit Period."**) If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply. Prior authorization rules may apply.
Meal benefit* Home-delivered meals, provided through Mom's Meals following a discharge from a hospital (acute of psychiatric) or Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) stay. Upon discharge Mom's Meals will reach out via telephone on behalf of *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*. Must be initiated within 30 days from date of discharge. Note: Observation stays do not qualify for this benefit.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for home delivered meals. $0 for 28 home-delivered meals, up to two times per year, following an inpatient hospital, psychiatric hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) discharge.
Medical nutrition therapy This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when referred by your doctor. We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Medical nutrition therapy (continued) Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician's referral. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their referral yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.	If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP) MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans. MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the MDPP benefit. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Medicare Part B prescription drugs These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include: • Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services. Some of these drugs are subject to Step Therapy. • Insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump • Other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan • Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia • Immunosuppressive Drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant • Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug • Antigens • Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs	20% coinsurance for Part B drugs, including chemotherapy drugs. Note: You will be responsible for this charge each time you receive an injection or the chemotherapy drug. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply. Step therapy requirements may apply to certain Part B drugs. Insulins covered under Medicare Part B are subject to a coinsurance cap of $35 for one month's supply of insulin with no deductible. Prior authorization rules may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued) • Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa) • Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases The following link will take you to a list of Part B Drugs that may be subject to Step Therapy: www.hap.org/medicare/member-resources/prescriptions/formulary-drug-list. We also cover some vaccines under our Part B prescription drug benefit.	
Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Opioid treatment program services Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can receive coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) which includes the following services: • U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications. • Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if applicable) • Substance use counseling • Individual and group therapy • Toxicology testing • Intake activities • Periodic assessments	$0 copay for each Medicare-covered opioid treatment program services. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply. Prior authorization rules may apply.
Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies Covered services include, but are not limited to: • X-rays • Hi-tech diagnostic radiological services (e.g., CT scan, MRI, PET, Nuclear Medicine studies, etc.) • Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies • Surgical supplies, such as dressings • Splints, casts, and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations • Laboratory tests • Blood - including storage, administration and all other components of blood. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need per calendar year • Other outpatient diagnostic tests	$35 copay for standard routine x-rays. $200 copay for outpatient hi-tech diagnostic radiological procedures and tests (e.g., CT, MRI, PET, Nuclear Medicine studies, etc.) $60 copay for each Medicare-covered radiation therapy including technician materials and supplies. $0 copay for surgical supplies, such as dressings. $0 copay for splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations. $0 copay for laboratory tests.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies (continued)	Plan deductible does **not** apply. $0 copay blood-including storage and administration. $0 copay for peripheral vascular disease ultrasounds. $0 copay for pacemaker testing services (includes EKG after the pacemaker testing). $0 copay for allergy testing. $150 copay for other outpatient diagnostic tests (includes genetic testing). If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply. Prior authorization rules may apply.
Outpatient hospital observation Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged. For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests. **Note:** Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be	$300 copay for each Medicare-covered outpatient observation services. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply. $0 copay for routine laboratory tests. $200 copay for outpatient hi-tech diagnostic radiological procedures and tests (e.g., CT, MRI, PET, Nuclear Medicine studies, etc.)

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Outpatient hospital observation (continued) considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff. You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called *Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!* This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.	$150 copay for other outpatient diagnostic tests. $35 copay for standard routine x-rays. 20% coinsurance for each DME item. $60 copay for each Medicare-covered visit for therapeutic radiation therapy or chemotherapy. If you see a provider that is part of a hospital-based or provider-based practice, you will pay your outpatient hospital clinic or facility cost-share plus the primary care or specialty care provider cost-share if an office visit/ consultation occurs at the time of the service and the office visit/consultation is considered to be separately payable by HAP.
Outpatient hospital services We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury. Covered services include, but are not limited to: • Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery • Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital	$300 copay for each Medicare-covered outpatient hospital services. $225 copay for each Medicare-covered visit to an ambulatory surgical center. $0 copay for laboratory tests. $200 copay for outpatient hi-tech diagnostic radiological procedures and tests (e.g.,

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Outpatient hospital services (continued) • Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it • X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital • Medical supplies such as splints and casts • Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself **Note:** Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff. You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called *Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!* This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.	CT, MRI, PET, Nuclear Medicine studies, etc.) $150 copay for other outpatient diagnostic tests. $35 copay for standard routine x-rays. 20% coinsurance for each DME item. $60 copay for each Medicare-covered visit for therapeutic radiation therapy or chemotherapy. If you see a provider that is part of a hospital-based or provider-based practice, you will pay your outpatient hospital clinic or facility cost-share plus the primary care or specialty care provider cost-share if an office visit/ consultation occurs at the time of the service and the office visit/consultation is considered to be separately payable by HAP. Prior authorization rules may apply. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Outpatient mental health care Covered services include: Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, licensed professional counselor (LPC), licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT),	$0 copay for each Medicare-covered individual or group therapy office visit.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Outpatient mental health care (continued) nurse practitioner (NP), physician assistant (PA), or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws. Please also refer to **"Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits"** for additional telehealth services information.	If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Outpatient rehabilitation services Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy. Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).	$10 copay for each Medicare-covered visit for physical, speech or occupational therapy visit. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply. Medically necessary visits beyond the medical limit may require authorization from HAP. Prior authorization rules may apply.
Outpatient substance abuse services Covered outpatient substance abuse services include, chemical dependency consultation, and other services, such as medical testing, diagnostic evaluation and implementation of other chemical dependency services as identified in the treatment plan provided by HAP. These visits must be approved by an appropriate affiliated provider who is a licensed behavior health professional.	$0 copay for each Medicare-covered individual or group therapy visit. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers **Note:** If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient	$225 copay for each Medicare-covered visit to an ambulatory surgical center.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers (continued) and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an *outpatient*.	$300 copay for each Medicare-covered outpatient hospital facility visit. For specific cost sharing for covered services, see applicable sections within this medical benefits chart. If you see a provider that is part of a hospital-based or provider-based practice, you will pay your outpatient hospital clinic or facility cost-share plus the primary care or specialty care provider cost-share if an office visit/ consultation occurs at the time of the service and the office visit/consultation is considered to be separately payable by HAP. Prior authorization rules may apply. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Over-the-counter (OTC) drugs and supplies* Over-the-counter (OTC) benefit to be used for food and produce (eligible members) and/or health and wellness products available through NationsOTC. This benefit allows you to get OTC products you may need. Unused quarterly benefits will roll over to the next quarter and must be used by the end of the plan year. You must access benefit by ordering online, ordering by phone, or by completing an order form and mailing it in. To place an order, call NationsBenefits toll-free at 1-877-484-7977, 8:00 a.m. - 8:00 p.m., 7 days a week or visit their website at www.nationsbenefits.com/hap. Learn more or order online at members.nationsbenefits.com/hap. Orders will be shipped directly to your home.	You have a $65 allowance per quarter.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Over-the-counter (OTC) drugs and supplies* (continued) Note: Eligible members with one or more of the following chronic conditions are eligible for food and produce options through NationsOTC catalog: • Chronic alcohol and other drug dependence • Autoimmune disorders • Cancer • Cardiovascular disorders • Chronic heart failure • Dementia • Diabetes • End-stage liver disease • End-stage renal disease (ESRD) • Severe hematologic disorders • HIV/AIDS • Chronic lung disorders • Chronic and disabling mental health conditions • Neurologic disorders • Stroke Please see *Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill* also found in this chart for additional information.	
Partial hospitalization services and Intensive outpatient services *Partial hospitalization* is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization. Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided in a hospital outpatient department, a community mental health center, a Federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office but less intense than partial hospitalization.	$55 copay per day for Medicare-covered partial hospitalization services. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Personal Emergency Response System (PERS)*	
The NationsResponse technology-based solution provides members at risk for falls with great independence, safety and security while keeping them connected with caretakers, loved ones, and their support networks. With push button technology and GPS tracking, emergency response systems are critical safety solutions to help address falls, accidents, and even feelings of loneliness and social isolation. All PERS devices include two-way communication to ADT monitoring centers, water resistant wristband and pendant options, 24/7/365 monitoring services, and home temperature monitoring. For more information, please call NationsBenefits toll-free at 1-877-484-7977, 8:00 a.m. - 8:00 p.m., 7 days a week or visit their website at members.nationsbenefits.com/hap.	$0 copay for personal emergency response system. Must use NationsResponse. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits	
Covered services include: • Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician's office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location • Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist • Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment • Certain telehealth services, including: cardiac rehabilitation services, pulmonary rehabilitation services, urgently needed services, home health services, primary care physician services, individual sessions for mental health specialty services, podiatry services, other health care professional, individual and group sessions for psychiatric services, physical therapy and speech-language pathology services, opioid treatment program services, outpatient hospital services, observation services, ambulatory surgical center (ASC) services, individual and group sessions for outpatient substance abuse, durable medical equipment (DME), prosthetic devices, medical supplies, diabetic supplies, diabetic therapeutic shoes/inserts, dialysis services, kidney disease	$0 copay for each Medicare-covered Primary Care physician visit $35 copay for each Medicare-covered Specialist visit. If you see a provider that is part of a hospital-based or provider-based practice, you will pay your outpatient hospital clinic or facility cost-share plus the primary care or specialty care provider cost-share if an office visit/consultation occurs at the time of the service and the office visit/consultation is considered to be separately payable by HAP. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued) education services, glaucoma screening, diabetes self-management training. o You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. o Check with your provider about your telehealth visit instructions. • Some telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner, for patients in certain rural areas or other places approved by Medicare • Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member's home • Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location • Telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location • Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if: o You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit o You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services o Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances • Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers • Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes **if:** o You're not a new patient **and** o The check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days **and** o The check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment • Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours **if:**	

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued) o You're not a new patient **and** o The evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days **and** o The evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment • Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record • Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery • Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician)	
Podiatry services Covered services include: • Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs) • Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs	$0 copay for preventive podiatry services condition specific for diabetes per visit. $35 copay for all other podiatry services per visit. If you see a provider that is part of a hospital-based or provider-based practice, you will pay your outpatient hospital clinic or facility cost-share plus the primary care or specialty care provider cost-share if an office visit/consultation occurs at the time of the service and the office visit/consultation is considered to be separately payable by HAP. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Prostate cancer screening exams For men aged 50 and older, covered services include the following - once every 12 months: • Digital rectal exam • Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Prosthetic devices and related supplies Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see **Vision Care** later in this section for more detail.	20% coinsurance of the cost for each Medicare-covered prosthetic devices and related supplies. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply. Prior authorization rules may apply.
Pulmonary rehabilitation services Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.	$0 copay for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitation service. If you receive additional services, cost-sharing for those services may apply.
Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol but aren't alcohol dependent. If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to four brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months. **Eligible members are**: people aged 50 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. *For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening:* the member must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits. See Chapter 10 *Definitions of important words* for the definition of **"screening."**	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered counseling and shared decision-making visit or for the LDCT. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy. We also cover up to two individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Services to treat kidney disease Covered services include: • Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime • Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible) • Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care) • Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments) • Home dialysis equipment and supplies • Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply) Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, **Medicare Part B prescription drugs**.	$0 copay for kidney disease education services. 20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered outpatient dialysis treatment. 20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered self-dialysis treatment.
Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (For a definition of skilled nursing facility care, see Chapter 10 of this document. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called SNFs.) *You are covered for 100 days per benefit period, no prior hospital stay is required.* Covered services include but are not limited to: • Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary) • Meals, including special diets • Skilled nursing services • Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy	$0 copay per day for days 1-20. $203 copay per day for days 21-100. You pay this amount each admission during the benefit period. A benefit period begins the day you go into a skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient services in a skilled nursing facility for 60 days in

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued) • Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.) • Blood - including storage, administration and all other components of blood. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need per calendar year • Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs • Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs • X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs • Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs • Physician/Practitioner services Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost sharing for a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment. • A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care) • A SNF where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital	a row. (See Chapter 12 for our plan's definition of **"Benefit Period."**) If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply. Prior authorization rules may apply
Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use) If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease: We cover unlimited counseling quit attempts as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits. If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco: We cover cessation counseling services. We cover unlimited counseling quit attempts, however, you will pay the applicable cost sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits. We cover unlimited counseling quit attempts.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
SNF stay: Covered services received in SNF during a non-covered SNF stay If you have exhausted your SNF benefits or if the SNF stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your SNF stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include, but are not limited to: • Physician services • Diagnostic tests (like lab tests) • X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services • Surgical dressings • Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations • Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices • Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition • Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy	You pay the amount you would pay for these services on an outpatient basis. If you get authorized SNF care at an out-of-network SNF after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network SNF. For specific covered services, see applicable sections within this Medical Benefits Chart. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services will apply.
Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill* Our plan offers additional benefits for certain members who qualify at no cost. To qualify for these benefits you must meet specific criteria (Eligibility criteria listed below) If eligible, you may receive the following benefit(s): **Healthy Food:** Your coverage may include healthy food like fruits, vegetables, and select canned goods available through NationsOTC catalog. The monthly allowance cannot be used to purchase firearms, ammunition, weaponry, tobacco, or alcohol. You will qualify for the healthy food benefit if you are diagnosed with the following chronic condition(s) identified below and meet certain criteria:	$0 copay

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill* (continued) o Chronic heart failure o Chronic lung disorders o Chronic and disabling mental health conditions o Chronic alcohol and other drug dependence o Autoimmune disorders o Cancer o Cardiovascular disorders o Dementia o Diabetes o End-stage liver disease o End-stage renal disease (ESRD) o Severe hematologic disorders o HIV/AIDS o Neurologic disorders o Stroke You are eligible based on qualifying clinical criteria of a chronic condition as determined and provided by your physician. Please see the Over-the-counter (OTC) drugs and supplies* benefit also found in this chart for additional information on this benefit	
Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET) SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) and a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment. Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met. The SET program must: • Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication	$0 copay for Supervised Exercise Therapy. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET) (continued) • Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's office • Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD • Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.	
Telemedicine* Now you can see a doctor where and when it's convenient for you. The telemedicine benefit allows you to have an online video visit with a provider 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. All you need is a smartphone, tablet, or computer. Appointments for behavior health visits must be scheduled ahead. Prescriptions can be prescribed if necessary and can be sent to your local pharmacy. Video visits are ideal for: • Cough / sore throat • Pink Eye • Bronchitis • Cold & Flu • Allergies • Headache • Sinus infection • Ear infection • Behavioral health services – appointment necessary You are required to enroll directly with Amwell through our website at www.hap.amwell.com, where you will create a profile before connecting with a doctor and/or therapist.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the telemedicine visit.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Transportation Services*	
Pre-arranged, non-urgent medical transportation will be provided on an as-needed basis to accommodate medical needs. Maximum benefit is 12 one-way trips annually. Please contact Customer Service for information on how to arrange transportation. Customer Service will confirm your benefits and guide you to the transportation provider to plan your trip.	$0 copay If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.
Urgently needed services	
Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care but given your circumstances, it is not possible, or it is unreasonable, to obtain services from network providers. If it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider, then your plan will cover the urgently needed services from a provider out-of-network. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary. Examples of urgently needed services that the plan must cover out of network occur if: You are temporarily outside the service area of the plan and require medically needed immediate services for an unforeseen condition but it is not a medical emergency; or it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider. Cost sharing for necessary urgently needed services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network. You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. *Urgently needed services are covered worldwide.*	$0 copay for each Medicare-covered urgently needed service at a PCP office. $35 copay for each Medicare-covered urgently needed service at a specialist physician office. $55 copay for each Medicare-covered urgently needed service at an urgent care center.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Vision care Covered services include: • Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts. HAP covers one routine eye exam per year. • For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African-Americans who are age 50 and older, and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older • For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year *Not subject to the maximum out-of-pocket*. • One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.) • Routine corrective eyeglasses or contact lenses once every year • HAP partners with EyeMed to provide routine vision care services. EyeMed has a national network of both in-person providers and online options for buying glasses and contacts. In-network retailers include Henry Ford OptimEyes, LensCrafters, Target Optical, Pearle Vision, and America's Best. For more information, go to eyemed.com or call 1-866-439-3633.	$0 copay for Medicare-covered eye exams by a primary care physician. $35 copay for Medicare-covered eye exams by a specialty care physician. There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered standard eye wear after cataract surgery. When using an in network EyeMed Provider, through the Insight Provider Network, there is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the routine eye exam each year. The plan has a $150 allowance every calendar year for contact lenses and eyeglasses (lenses and frames). A 20% discount applies for any balance over the $150 allowance. Once the funded benefit has been used, a 40% discount applies for an additional complete pair of eyeglasses and a 15% discount for additional contact lenses. Must use an EyeMed provider. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Welcome to Medicare preventive visit The plan covers the one-time *Welcome to Medicare* preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed. **Important:** We cover the *Welcome to Medicare* preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your *Welcome to Medicare* preventive visit.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the "*Welcome to Medicare*" preventive visit. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services will apply.
Worldwide travel assistance* Our plan offers a value added emergency travel assistance benefit for members traveling domestically or internationally. Member must be in travel status which is 100 miles or more from home or in a different country to access service. Services available through Assist America include medical and non-medical emergency services, including (but not limited to): • assistance locating emergency care, • assistance with foreign hospital admissions, • emergency evacuations to nearest facility capable of providing proper care if appropriate care is not available, • round trip transportation for family member or friend to be with member if expected to be hospitalized for more than 7 days while traveling alone, • assistance with any lost or forgotten prescriptions (costs may apply), • repatriation of members home or to a rehabilitation facility once stable and ready for transport and return of mortal remains to legal residence. Please see Section 2.3 for extended visitor/traveler information. Members must call Assist America at 1-800-872-1414 toll free to activate benefit. (TTY users should call 711). Copayments for emergency room services, urgent care, and inpatient hospital services will still apply. **Note:** Assist America is not a medical insurance provider. It is a travel assistance program designed to help members obtain	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for worldwide travel assistance services arranged by Assist America. Copayments for emergency room services, urgent care, and inpatient hospital services will still apply.

Services that are covered for you	**What you must pay** when you get these services
Worldwide travel assistance* (continued) the care they need while in travel status. For more information visit www.assistamerica.com/hap.	

Section 2.2 Extra optional supplemental benefits you can buy

Our plan offers some extra benefits that are not covered by Original Medicare and not included in your benefits package. These extra benefits are called **Optional Supplemental Benefits.** If you want these optional supplemental benefits, you must sign up for them and you may have to pay an additional premium for them. The optional supplemental benefits described in this section are subject to the same appeals process as any other benefits.

Good oral and dental health are important to overall health and quality of life. Our optional dental coverage can help reduce your out-of-pocket costs for dental services and protect against unexpected expenses. The premium for optional supplemental benefits described below is in addition to your monthly plan premium for basic benefits.

You must receive services from a dentist who participates in **Delta Dental's Medicare Advantage PPO or Delta Dental's Medicare Advantage Premier network.** Delta Dental's Medicare Advantage PPO and Delta Dental's Medicare Advantage Premier Networks consist of dentists in the states of Michigan, Indiana and Ohio.

To verify that a Dentist is a Medicare Advantage Participating Dentist, you can use Delta Dental's online Dentist Directory at deltadentalmi.com/Member/Using-Your-Benefits/Find-a-Dentist or call (800) 330-2732 (TTY Users call 711). When accessing Delta Dental's online Dentist Directory you must select the link labeled **Medicare Advantage PPO and Medicare Advantage Premier**.

The following chart summarizes some of the key plan benefits you can receive with our dental coverage. *Please note: your costs for optional supplemental dental benefits do not count toward the Maximum Out-of-Pocket (MOOP) limit. See Chapter 4, Section 1.2 for more information about the MOOP limit.

Optional Dental Premium	**$19.10 / month**	**$29.50 / month**	**$51.90 / month**
	DELTA DENTAL 50 Member Pays	**DELTA DENTAL 70** Member Pays	***DELTA DENTAL 100** Member Pays
Deductible	$0	$0	$0
Emergency pain treatment	0%	0%	0%
Extraction & oral surgery services	Covered 50% in medical plan. See Dental Services in Chapter 4, section 2.1 of the Medical Benefits Chart.		
Fillings, crowns, crown repairs, onlays, root	50%	50%	50%

Optional Dental Premium	**$19.10 / month**	**$29.50 / month**	**$51.90 / month**
canals, dentures, implants & bridges			
Denture relines/repairs, occlusal guards/occlusal adjustments & anesthesia	50%	30%	0%
X-rays, oral exams, cleanings, fluoride, brush biopsy, bridge repairs and perio maintenance	Covered 100% in medical plan, see Dental Services in Chapter 4, section 2.1 of the Medical Benefits Chart		
Yearly maximum plan pays for all covered services	$1,000	$1,500	$2,500

Delta Dental is a registered trademark of the Delta Dental Plans association. If you receive services from a dentist that does not participate in either Delta Dental's Medicare Advantage PPO or Delta Dental's Medicare Advantage Premier network, you will be responsible for the full amount charged for those services and no payment will be made by Delta Dental. If you are enrolled in the PPO plan and receive services from a dentist that does not participate in either Delta Dental's Medicare Advantage PPO or Delta Dental's Medicare Advantage Premier network, you will be responsible for the difference between Delta Dental's payment to you and the amount charged by the Nonparticipating Dentist.

*For the Delta Dental Plan 100, you must use Delta's PPO network only.

Selecting Optional Supplemental Benefits

There are a few ways you can select one of our optional dental benefit packages:

- If you are newly enrolling in *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*, you may select the optional dental benefit when you submit your application to enroll, just by checking the appropriate box on the enrollment form. Your dental coverage will go into effect on the same day as your coverage under *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*.
- If you are a current member and you intend to continue your enrollment in *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* for 2024 you may select an optional supplemental dental plan during the Annual Election Period, for a January 1 effective date. Contact *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* Customer Service for an application.
- In addition, you may select the optional dental benefit at any time within the first 30 days after the effective date of your enrollment in *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*. In such

cases, your dental coverage will begin on the first day of the month after your selection. For example, if your effective date is January 1, 2024, you have until January 31, 2024 to let us know that you want dental coverage, for a February 1 effective date.

Benefits are provided on a month-to-month basis, which means coverage may only begin or end as of the first day of the month. You may discontinue your optional dental benefits at any time. If you disenroll from *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* your dental benefits will be cancelled automatically.

Paying the premium for your Optional Supplemental Benefits

The premium for optional supplemental benefits is in addition to your monthly plan premium. When you select an optional supplemental dental plan, the additional premium amount appears on your monthly invoice. You have three options for paying your dental and plan premiums. See Chapter 1 Section 7 for information about how you can pay your premiums.

If you pay your dental and plan premiums in advance and then disenroll or choose to drop the dental coverage, any excess premium amounts that you have paid will be refunded within 30 days of your disenrollment date.

Your optional supplemental dental benefit premium is due in our office by the last day of the month. If we have not received your dental premium payment by the last day of the month, we may send you a notice telling you that your optional supplemental dental benefit and your plan membership may end if we do not receive your premium within 90 days.

If you are having trouble paying your optional supplemental dental benefit premium, please contact Customer Service to request disenrollment from the optional supplemental dental benefit (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

If we end your optional supplemental dental benefit because you did not pay your dental premium, then you will not be able to enroll in a new dental plan until the annual enrollment period.

At the time we end your optional supplemental dental coverage, you may still owe us for premiums you have not paid. We have the right to pursue collection of the premiums you owe. In the future, if you want to enroll again in a dental plan (or another dental plan that we offer), you may need to pay the amount you owe before you can enroll.

Section 2.3 Getting care using our plan's optional visitor/traveler supplemental benefit

If you do not permanently move, but you are continuously away from our plan's service area for up to six months, we usually must disenroll you from our plan. However, we offer a visitor/traveler program for the states of Arizona, Florida, Michigan (out-of-service area), and Texas which will allow you to remain enrolled when you are outside of our service area for less than twelve months. Please present your visitor/traveler benefit card along with your HAP ID

card when seeking services from a Medicare-participating provider while traveling outside of our service area. Under our visitor/traveler program you may receive all plan covered services at in-network cost sharing.

If you are in the visitor/traveler area, you can stay enrolled in our plan for up to 12 months. If you have not returned to the plan's service area within 12 months, you may be disenrolled from the plan.

SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?

Section 3.1 Services we do *not* cover (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are *excluded* from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and our plan will not pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 7, Section 5.3 in this document.)

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Acupuncture		• Available for people with chronic low back pain under certain circumstances.
Ambulance services when transportation is refused or when your condition is stabilized and you are not transported to a facility.		• Covered if provided by the Community Paramedics Program
Companion care/homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.		• Up to 8 hours per month

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Cosmetic surgery or procedures		• Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member. • Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
Custodial care Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.	**Not covered under any condition**	
Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications. Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.		• May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan. (See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.	**Not covered under any condition**	
Full-time nursing care in your home.	**Not covered under any condition**	
Immunizations for the purpose of travel, work or school	**Not covered under any condition**	
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).	**Not covered under any condition**	

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Non-routine dental care		• Dental care required to treat illness or injury may be covered as inpatient or outpatient care
Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet		• Shoes that are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace. Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.	**Not covered under any condition**	
Private room in a hospital.		• Covered only when medically necessary.
Radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery and other low vision aids.		• Covered only when medically necessary.
Reversal of sterilization procedures and/or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.	**Not covered under any condition**	
Routine dental care, such as cleanings, fillings or dentures.	Some of these services are covered only if you purchased an optional dental plan. • Emergency palliative treatment • Crowns & onlays • Periodontal surgical & non-surgical, occlusal guards • Dentures • Films, tests, etc. or anesthesia • Bridges or dentures	• Routine preventive dental care for exams and cleanings are payable twice per calendar year. Bitewing x-rays are payable once per calendar year. Please see Dental Services in the above Medical Benefits Chart.

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
	• Implants or implant services	
Routine foot care		• Some limited coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines (e.g., if you have diabetes).
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards	**Not covered under any condition**	
Sterilization procedures including vasectomy, tubal ligation, or elective hysterectomy.	**Not covered under any condition**	
Surgical treatment for morbid obesity		• Covered when approved by HAP as medically necessary.

CHAPTER 5:

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services

SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services

Sometimes when you get medical care, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan or you may receive a bill from a provider. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called *reimbursing* you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services that are covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received or possibly for more than your share of cost sharing as discussed in the document. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that does not work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we will notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost-sharing. If this provider is contracted you still have the right to treatment.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

1. When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network

Outside the service area, you can receive emergency or urgently needed services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network.

- You are only responsible for paying your share of the cost for emergency or urgently needed services. Emergency providers are legally required to provide emergency care. If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
  - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
  - If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

Network providers should always bill the plan directly and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay more than your share.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called *balance billing*. This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we

pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 7 of this document has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

Section 2.1 How and where to send us your request for payment

You may request us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. **You must submit your claim to us within one year** of the date you received the service or item.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster. The following data is required to make a decision: name, date of service, dollar amount, procedure and diagnosis codes, provider's name, address, phone number, tax identification number and NPI. You also need to attach proof of payment.

Either download a copy of the form from our website (www.hap.org/medicare/member-resources/forms) or call Customer Service and ask for the form.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

HAP Medicare Solutions, ATTN: Claims, 1414 East Maple Rd., Troy, MI 48083

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service and how much we owe

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

If we decide that the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider.

If we decide that the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. We will send you a letter explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your rights to appeal that decision.

Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 7 of this document.

CHAPTER 6:
Your rights and responsibilities

SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan

Section 1.1 We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

Your plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how a plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. We can also give you information in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in the plan's network for a specialty are not available, it is the plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you will only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in the plan's network that cover a service you need, call the plan for information on where to go to obtain this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, seeing a women's health specialist or finding a network specialist, please call to file a grievance with Customer Service. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Section 1.2 We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services

You have the right to choose a primary care physician (PCP) in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services. You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) or to receive mental health/substance abuse services (as long as you get them from a network provider – psychiatrists, psychologists, social workers, and substance abuse providers) without a referral.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers *within a reasonable amount of time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 7 tells what you can do.

Section 1.3 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your *personal health information* includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a *Notice of Privacy Practice*, that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, *we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.*
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
    - We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
    - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your healthcare provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Customer Service.

A copy of our Notice of Privacy Practices is included at the back of this booklet

Section 1.4 We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services

As a member of *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Customer Service:

- **Information about our plan**. This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition.
- **Information about our network providers.** You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
  - Network providers may be found at https://hap.providerlookuponlinesearch.com/search. Here you will find additional information about the providers such as: name, address, telephone number (s), professional qualifications, specialty, medical school attended, residency completion, and board certification status.
- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.** Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services.
- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.** Chapter 7 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service is not covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 7 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.
  - Coverage decisions are based solely on the appropriateness of care and services and the existence of coverage. *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* does not reward individuals responsible for conducting utilization review for denials of services or coverage. Furthermore, *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* does not offer financial incentives to encourage inappropriate under utilization of covered services.
  - We continually monitor coverage decisions by Medicare and implement them according to the regulations released by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Our Technology and Your Health statement can be found at the end of this section.

- **A right to receive information about the organization, its services, its practitioners and providers and member rights and responsibilities.**
- **A right to be treated with respect and recognition of their dignity and their right to privacy.**
- **A right to participate with practitioners in making decisions about their health care.**
- **A right to a candid discussion of appropriate or medically necessary treatment options for their conditions, regardless of cost or benefit coverage.**
- **A right to voice complaints or appeals about the organization or the care it provides.**
- **A right to make recommendations regarding the organization's member rights and responsibilities policy.**
- **A responsibility to supply information (to the extent possible) that the organization and its practitioners and providers need in order to provide care.**
- **A responsibility to follow plans and instructions for care that they have agreed to with their practitioners.**
- **A responsibility to understand their health problems and participate in developing mutually agreed-upon treatment goals, to the degree possible.**
- **Helpful information about our Quality Programs.**
  - The Health Alliance Plan (HAP) Quality Program aims to assure that safe, effective, patient centered, timely, efficient, and equitable clinical care and services are provided to our beneficiaries. Our Quality Management Department manages our Quality Program which monitors and improves the health care and services you receive.
  - Much like preventive service guidelines, the Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS®) is an element that is at the heart of our Quality Program. HEDIS describes a comprehensive, standardized set of indicators used to measure the performance of a health plan. Each year, we conduct an extensive analysis that you can use to identify trends, make informed choices about health care and witness HAP's ongoing commitment to improved performance.
  - To view our Quality Program document, a summary of our overall objectives and progress, log in at www.hap.org/login, select the Protecting Your Health tab and click on HAP's Quality Program. Members without Internet access can contact Customer Service at (800) 801-1770 (TTY: 711) and request to speak with the Quality Management Department.
- **Utilization management for quality care**
  - For information about HAP Utilization Management, please call the Customer Service team at the number on your ID card. They will answer your questions or transfer you to a Utilization Management team member if needed. Our business hours are listed below.

	Type of service	Hours of operation
Admissions team	Answers questions about admissions, transfers, and inpatient review	Monday through Friday 8am – 5pm call **313-664-8833 Option #3** **TTY 711**
Referral team	Answers questions about outpatient prior authorizations and services, such as durable medical equipment, in-home care, home infusion and end-of-life care	Monday through Friday 8am – 4:30 pm call **313-664-8950 Option #1** **TTY 711**
Inpatient Rehabilitation/Skilled Nursing	Answers questions about skilled nursing facilities and rehabilitation services	Monday through Friday 8:30am – 5pm call **313-664-8833 Option #1** TTY 711

- Utilization Management is another way we make sure you get quality care. We continually strive to ensure that you receive all necessary services at the appropriate time and in the appropriate setting. This includes HAP's review processes at different stages of your care: preservice, urgent concurrent and post-service. Our goal is to ensure you get the right care at the right time and place. When reviewing your doctor's requests, we apply proven medical practices from doctors across the country.
- All utilization management decisions are based only on the appropriateness of care and service and your covered benefits. We do not reward providers or other individuals conducting utilization review for issuing denials of coverage or services. And we do not offer incentives to encourage inappropriate underutilization of covered services.

- **Technology and Your Health**
  - It seems like every news outlet every day has a story about medical advances in one area or another. We want to let you know we keep up on the new technology to make sure you get the right care with the most appropriate treatment for you. We change our benefits and coverage based on advances in medical technology as needed. This helps make sure covered medical and drug therapies and treatments are safe and reliable.
  - For our Medicare members we continually monitor coverage decisions by Medicare and implement them according to the regulations released by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The procedure or treatment goes through an extensive evaluation process. The final step includes a review of the procedure or treatment by the Benefit Advisory Committee (BAC). Medical professionals review and finalize all

policy decisions. This helps to ensure that Medicare members are always receiving the most up to date coverage.

Section 1.5 We must support your right to make decisions about your care

You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all of your choices.** You have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan.
- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- **The right to say "no.**" You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. Of course, if you refuse treatment, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give **someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you** if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called **advance directives**. There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an *advance directive* to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Customer Service to ask for the forms.
- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital**.

- The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with Bureau of Community and Health Systems (BCHS) by calling 1-517-335-1980.

Section 1.6 You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made

If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 7 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – **we are required to treat you fairly**.

Section 1.7 What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?

If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697 or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and* it's *not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can **call Customer Service**.
- You can **call the SHIP**. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 1.8 How to get more information about your rights

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can **call Customer Service**.
- You can **call the SHIP**. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact **Medicare**.
  - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare Rights & Protections*. (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf).
  - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Customer Service.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this *Evidence of Coverage* document to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
  - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services.
- **If you have any other health insurance coverage in addition to our plan, or separate prescription drug coverage, you are required to tell us.** Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care.
- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**

- To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
- Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
- If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.

- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.

- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
  - You must continue to pay your premium for your Medicare Part B to remain a member of the plan.
  - For some of your medical services covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service.

- **If you move *within* our plan service area, we need to know** so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
  - **If you move *outside* of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.**
  - If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

- A responsibility to supply information (to the extent possible) that the organization and its practitioners and providers need in order to provide care.
- A responsibility to follow plans and instructions for care that they have agreed to with their practitioners.
- A responsibility to understand their health problems and participate in developing mutually agreed-upon treatment goals, to the degree possible.

CHAPTER 7:

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

For some problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.

For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints;** also called grievances.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

Section 1.2 What about the legal terms?

There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand. To make things easier, this chapter:

- Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says, making a complaint rather than filing a grievance, coverage decision rather than organization determination, and independent review organization instead of Independent Review Entity.
- It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized assistance

We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to customer service for help. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. Below are two entities that can assist you.

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help

you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this document.

Medicare

You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

You can also visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B prescription drugs) are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care.

Yes.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, **Section 4, A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.**

No.

Skip ahead to **Section 9** at the end of this chapter: **How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.**

COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS

SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

Section 4.1 Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items, and Part B prescription drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services and Medicare Part B prescription drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered

Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving benefits

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical care. For example, if your plan network doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either your network doctor can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the Evidence of Coverage makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover medical care before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide medical care is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after a benefit is received, and you are not satisfied, you can **appeal** the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or **fast appeal** of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were properly following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision.

In limited circumstances a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal for medical care, your appeal will automatically go on to a Level 2 appeal conducted by an independent review organization that is not connected to us.

- You do not need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we automatically send your appeal for medical care to Level 2 if we do not fully agree with your Level 1 appeal.
- See **Section 5.4** of this chapter for more information about Level 2 appeals.
- For Part D drug appeals, if we say no to all or part of your appeal, you will need to ask for a Level 2 appeal. Part D appeals are discussed further in Section 7 of this chapter.

If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 8 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

Section 4.2 How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal

Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You **can call us at Customer Service**.
- You **can get free help** from your SHIP.
- **Your doctor can make a request for you.** If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they will need to be appointed as your representative. Please call Customer Service and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.)
  - For medical care or Part B prescription drugs, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
- **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your *representative* to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.

- If you want a friend, relative, or another person to be your representative, call Customer Service and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
- While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.

- **You also have the right to hire a lawyer.** You may contact your own lawyer or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, **you are not required to hire a lawyer** to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

Section 4.3 Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?

There are three different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

Section 5 of this chapter: Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

Section 6 of this chapter: How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon

Section 7 of this chapter: How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon (*Applies to only these services*: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Customer Service. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your SHIP.

SECTION 5 Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision

Section 5.1 This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care

This section is about your benefits for medical care. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this document: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain

how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
3. You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care. **Make an Appeal. Section 5.3.**
4. You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 5.5**
5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an Appeal. Section 5.3**

Note: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read Sections 6 and 7 of this Chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care.

Section 5.2 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision

Legal Terms
When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an **organization determination.** A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited determination.**

<u>Step 1:</u> Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

A standard coverage decision is usually made within 14 days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You may *only ask* for coverage for medical care items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services already received).
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.*

- **If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**
- **If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.** If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
  - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
  - Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
  - Explains that you can file a *fast complaint* about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.

Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

For standard coverage decisions, we use the standard deadlines.

This means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request **for a medical item or service**. If your request is for a **Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we will give you an answer **within 72 hours** after we receive your request.

- **However,** if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you **we can take up to 14 more days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a *fast complaint.* We will give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.)

For Fast Coverage decisions, we use an expedited timeframe

A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.

- **However,** if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you **we can take up to 14 more days**. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a *fast complaint*. (See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.

If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

Section 5.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

Legal Terms
An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan **reconsideration.** A *fast appeal* is also called an **expedited reconsideration.**

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 30 days or 7 days for Part B drugs. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a *fast appeal*. If your doctor tells us that your health requires a *fast appeal*, we will give you a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a *fast appeal* are the same as those for getting a *fast coverage decision* in Section 5.2 of this chapter.

Step 2: Ask our plan for an Appeal or a Fast Appeal

- **If you are asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from

contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

- **You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.**

Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

- When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if needed, possibly contacting you or your doctor.

Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
    - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we **can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service**.** If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
    - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it receives your appeal.

Deadlines for a standard appeal

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you have not yet received, we will give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
    - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a *fast complaint*. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.)
- If we do not give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we will send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.

If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage within **30 calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service, or **within 7 calendar days** if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, we will automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

Section 5.4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 appeal is done

Legal Term
The formal name for the *independent review organization* is the **Independent Review Entity.** It is sometimes called the **IRE.**

The **independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare**. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your **case file**. **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file**.

You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.

Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you will also have a fast appeal at Level 2

For the *fast appeal* the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** of when it receives your appeal.

However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you will also have a standard appeal at Level 2

For the *standard appeal* if your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.

- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

Step 2: The independent review organization gives you their answer.

The independent review organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 72 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.

If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we must authorize or provide the Part B prescription drug within **72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization for **standard requests.** For **expedited requests,** we have **24 hours** from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.

If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called *upholding the decision* or *turning down your appeal*). In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:

- Explaining its decision.
- Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
- Telling you how to file a Level 3 appeal.

Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.

The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes.

Section 5.5 What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?

Chapter 5 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is covered. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- **If we say yes to your request:** If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. If you haven't paid for the medical care, we will send the payment directly to the provider.
- **If we say no to your request:** If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the medical care and the reasons why.

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3. For appeals concerning reimbursement, please note:

- We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

SECTION 6 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged you too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your **discharge date**.
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered.

Section 6.1 During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights

Within two days of being admitted to the hospital, you will be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights.* Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you do not get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Customer Service or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it. It tells you about:

- Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
- Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
- Where to report any concerns you have about quality of your hospital care.
- Your right to **request an immediate review** of the decision to discharge you if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time.

2. You will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
- Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date. Signing the notice **does *not* mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.

3. Keep your copy of the notice handy so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.

- If you sign the notice more than two days before your discharge date, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
- To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Customer Service or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see the notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeappealNotices.

Section 6.2 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are:

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it**. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service. Or call your SHIP, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts are not part of our plan.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge.**
  - **If you meet this deadline**, you may stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without paying for it* while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.
- **If you do *not* meet this deadline**, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all of the costs* for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date. If you miss the deadline for contacting the

Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to appeal, you must make an appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 6.4.

Once you request an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we are contacted, we will give you a **Detailed Notice of Discharge**. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

- You can get a sample of the **Detailed Notice of Discharge** by calling Customer Service or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeappealNotices.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you will get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the review organization says *yes*, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says *no*, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal

- If the Quality Improvement Organization has said no to your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to *Level 2* of the appeals process.

Section 6.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at their decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review

You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation

Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

If the review organization says yes:

We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**

You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

If the review organization says no:

It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal. This is called *upholding the decision.*

The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3

There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.

The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 6.4 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date?

Legal Term
A fast review (or fast appeal) is also called an **expedited appeal**.

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above, you must act quickly to start your Level 1 appeal of your hospital discharge date. If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different.*

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 *Alternate* appeal

Step 1: Contact us and ask for a fast review.

Ask for a fast review. This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the *fast* deadlines rather than the *standard* deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 2: We do a fast review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.

During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a "fast review".

If we say yes to your appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date. We will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as they are medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you

for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)

If we say no to your appeal, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.

- If you stayed in the hospital *after* your planned discharge date, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

Step 4: If we say *no* to your fast appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 *Alternate* appeal Process

Legal Term
The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity.** It is sometimes called the **IRE.**

The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with our plan and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.

We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.

If this organization says *yes* to your appeal, then we must (pay you back) for our share of the costs of hospital care you received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan's coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.

If this organization says *no* to your appeal, it means they agree that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.

- The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell how to start a Level 3 appeal with the review process, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Step 3: If the independent review organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 appeal.
- Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 7 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

Section 7.1 *This section is only about three services:* Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services

When you are getting covered **home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility)**, you have the right to keep getting your services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, *we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.*

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Section 7.2 We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

Legal Term
Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage. It tells you how you can request a **fast-track appeal.** Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care.

1. **You receive a notice in writing** at least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:
   - The date when we will stop covering the care for you.
   - How to request a *fast track appeal* to request us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.

2. **You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it.** Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does not mean you agree** with the plan's decision to stop care.

Section 7.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

Follow the process.

Meet the deadlines.

Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service. Or call your SHIP, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts are not part of our plan.

Step 1: Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a fast-track appeal. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

The written notice you received (*Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage)* tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

Act quickly:

You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal **by noon of the day before the effective date** on the Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to file an appeal, you must make an appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.5.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

Legal Term
Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage. Notice that provides details on reasons for ending coverage.

What happens during this review?

Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.

The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.

By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you will get the **Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage,** from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.

What happens if the reviewers say yes?

If the reviewers say *yes* to your appeal, then **we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.**

You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.

What happens if the reviewers say no?

If the reviewers say *no*, then **your coverage will end on the date we have told you.**

If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 appeal – and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

Section 7.4 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

What happens if the review organization says yes?

We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage** for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.

You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

What happens if the review organization says no?

It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.

The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.

The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 7.5 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal?

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above, you must act quickly to start your Level 1 appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different.*

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 *Alternate* appeal

Legal Term
A *fast review* (or *fast appeal*) is also called an **expedited appeal**.

Step 1: Contact us and ask for a fast review.

Ask for a fast review. This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the *fast* deadlines rather than the *standard* deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 2: We do a fast review of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.

During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan's coverage for services you were receiving.

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a fast review.

If we say yes to your appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer and will keep providing your covered services for as long as they are medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)

If we say no to your appeal, then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.

If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care.

Step 4: If we say *no* to your appeal, your case will *automatically* go on to the next level of the appeals process.

Legal Term
The formal name for the *independent review organization* is the **Independent Review Entity.** It is sometimes called the **IRE.**

Step-by-Step: Level 2 *Alternate* appeal Process

During the Level 2 appeal, an **independent review organization** reviews the decision we made to your *fast appeal*. This organization decides whether the decision should be changed. **The independent review organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare**. This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the independent review organization. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: We automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.

We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

If this organization says *yes* to your appeal, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover services.

If this organization says *no* to your appeal, it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.

The notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to go on to a Level 3 appeal.

Step 3: If the independent review organization says no to your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.

A Level 3 appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 8 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

Section 8.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medical Service Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 appeal	**An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government** will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.** Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you. If we decide to appeal, it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the medical care in dispute.
- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over**.
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.

- If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appeal The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.** Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council's decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- **If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

Level 5 appeal A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

MAKING COMPLAINTS

SECTION 9 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns

Section 9.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	• Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?
Respecting your privacy	• Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	• Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you? • Are you unhappy with our Customer Service? • Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?
Waiting times	• Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it? • Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors or other health professionals? Or by our Customer Service or other staff at the plan? o Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room.
Cleanliness	• Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?
Information you get from us	• Did we fail to give you a required notice? • Is our written information hard to understand?
Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the *timeliness* of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	If you have asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples: • You asked us for a *fast coverage decision* or a *fast appeal*, and we have said no; you can make a complaint. • You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals; you can make a complaint. • You believe we are not meeting deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical items or services that were approved; you can make a complaint. • You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint.

Section 9.2 How to make a complaint

Legal Terms

- A **Complaint** is also called a **grievance.**
- **Making a complaint** is also called **filing a grievance.**
- **Using the process for complaints** is also called **using the process for filing a grievance.**
- A **fast complaint** is also called an **expedited grievance.**

Section 9.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.

Usually, calling Customer Service is the first step. If there is anything else you need to do, Customer Service will let you know.

If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.

You or your representative may file a complaint by calling Customer Service (phone numbers can be found on the back of this booklet), by fax at (313) 664-5866, or by writing to HAP Medicare Solutions, ATTN: Appeals and Grievance Department, 1414 East Maple Rd., Troy, MI 48083. Standard complaints are processed as quickly as your health requires, but no later than 30 calendar days. We may extend the 30-day timeframe by up to 14 days, if you or your representative request the extension, or if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest. If we extend the deadline, we will immediately notify you or your representative in writing of the reason(s) for the delay.

- You or your representative may file an expedited complaint if we have refused to expedite your coverage determination or reconsideration, or if we extend the timeframe for a reconsideration. We will respond to your expedited complaint within 24 hours of when we receive your expedited complaint.

The **deadline** for making a complaint is **60 calendar days** from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.

Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.

Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days. If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar

days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.

If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we will automatically give you a fast complaint. If you have a *fast complaint*, it means we will give you **an answer within 24 hours**.

If we do not agree with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

Section 9.4 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization.
The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Or

You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.

Section 9.5 You can also tell Medicare about your complaint

You can submit a complaint about *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

CHAPTER 8:
Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 1 Introduction to ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and you will continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period

You can end your membership in our plan during the **Annual Enrollment Period** (also known as the *Annual Open Enrollment Period*). During this time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about coverage for the upcoming year.

- The **Annual Enrollment Period** is from **October 15 to December 7.**
- **Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year.** If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  - Another Medicare health plan, with or without prescription drug coverage.
  - Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

    OR

  - Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
- **Your membership will end in our plan** when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.

Section 2.2 You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period

You have the opportunity to make *one* change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period**.

- **The annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** is from January 1 to March 31.
- **During the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period**, you can:
    - Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
    - Disenroll from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time.
- **Your membership will end** on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

Section 2.3 In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period

In certain situations, members of *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

- **You may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period** if any of the following situations apply to you. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov):
    - Usually, when you have moved.
    - If you have Medicaid.
    - If we violate our contract with you.
    - If you get care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital.
    - If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

The enrollment time periods vary depending on your situation.

To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare health plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
- Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

OR

- Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

Section 2.4 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?

If you have any questions about ending your membership, you can:

- **Call Customer Service**.
- Find the information in the ***Medicare & You 2024*** handbook.
- Contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
• Another Medicare health plan.	• Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. • You will automatically be disenrolled from *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* when your new plan's coverage begins.
• Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	• Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan. • You will automatically be disenrolled from *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* when your new plan's coverage begins.
• Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	• **Send us a written request to disenroll.** Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this. • You can also contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. • You will be disenrolled from *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.

Note: If you also have creditable prescription drug coverage (e.g., standalone PDP) and disenroll from that coverage, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later after going without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row.

SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items, services through our plan

Until your membership ends, and your new Medicare coverage begins, you must continue to get your medical items, services care through our plan.

- **Continue to use our network providers to receive medical care.**
- **If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will be covered by our plan until you are discharged** (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

SECTION 5 *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess* must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?

HAP Medicare MedicalAccess **must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:**

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than twelve months.
    - If you move or take a long trip, call Customer Service to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)

- If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership call Customer Service.

Section 5.2 We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

HAP Medicare MedicalAccess is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, you should call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 5.3 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

CHAPTER 9:
Legal notices

SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

SECTION 2 Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Customer Service. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Customer Service can help.

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*, as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

SECTION 4 Notice about third party liability

Our right to recover payment

If we pay a claim for you, we have subrogation rights. This is a common insurance requirement that means we have the right to recover the amount we paid for your claim from any third party that is responsible for your medical expenses or benefits related to your injury, illness, or condition. You assign your right to take legal action against any responsible third party to us, and you agree to:

1. Send us any related information that we request; and

2. Help us with any part of the legal action, such as discovery, depositions, and trial testimony, if we ask you for help.

You also agree not to assign your right to take legal action to someone else without our written consent.

Our right of reimbursement

We also have the right to be reimbursed if a responsible third party pays you directly. If you receive any amount as a judgment, settlement, or other payment from any third party, you must immediately reimburse us, up to the amount we paid for your claim.

Our rights take priority

Our rights of recovery and reimbursement have priority over other claims, and will not be affected by any equitable doctrine. This means that we're entitled to recover the amount we paid, even if the responsible third party hasn't paid you for all costs related to your injury or illness.

Our rights under Medicare law and this *Evidence of Coverage* aren't changed if we don't participate in any legal action you take related to your injury, illness, or condition.

SECTION 5 Notice about member non-liability

If you receive services from an Out-of-Network provider and we deny payment, that Out-of-Network provider can appeal the denial, but the Out-of-Network Provider must send us a waiver of liability form. The waiver form says that the Out-of-Network Provider agrees not to bill you regardless of the outcome of the appeal.

CHAPTER 10:
Definitions of important words

Admission - A hospital or inpatient facility admission involves formally being admitted by a physician as an inpatient to a hospital/facility and you stay for at least one night. NOTE: You may sometimes stay overnight at the hospital but not admitted. See "**Observation**" for more information.

Allowed Amount - An allowed amount is the maximum amount of the billed charge the plan will pay for covered services or supplies rendered by providers, suppliers and facilities, including skilled nursing facilities and home health agencies. The allowed amount is accepted as payment in full for covered services by participating providers, suppliers and facilities. For non-participating providers, the allowed amount is the amount Original Medicare allows for the geographic region in which the provider renders services. Non-participating providers who accept or participate with Medicare must accept our payment as payment in full consistent with Sections 1852(a)(2) and 1852(k)(1) of the Social Security Act.

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Annual Enrollment Period – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or payment for services you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving.

Balance Billing – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of *HAP Medicare MedicalAccess*, you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to *balance bill* or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing your plan says you must pay.

Benefit Period – The way that Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. Our plan uses benefit periods to determine coverage for inpatient stays in skilled nursing facilities and psychiatric (mental health) hospitals. A benefit period begins the day you go into a skilled nursing facility or psychiatric hospital. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient mental health hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a psychiatric hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The Federal agency that administers Medicare.

Chronic-Care Special Needs Plan – C-SNPs are SNPs that restrict enrollment to MA eligible individuals who have one or more severe or disabling chronic conditions, as defined under 42 CFR 422.2, including restricting enrollment based on the multiple commonly co-morbid and clinically-linked condition groupings specified in 42 CFR 422.4(a)(1)(iv).

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services.

Colonoscopy – A medical procedure in which a special tube-shaped instrument is used to take pictures of the inside of someone's colon used to detect changes or abnormalities in the large intestine (colon) and rectum. There are two kinds of colonoscopies: preventive and diagnostic.

A preventive screening colonoscopy is a procedure to find colon polyps or cancer in individuals with no signs or symptoms of either and it is no cost to you.

A diagnostic colonoscopy is performed in order to explain symptoms identified by your physician (for example, blood in stools, change in bowel movements, iron deficiency due to anemia, persistent abdominal pain, etc.) or, because you have had a previous colonoscopy that resulted in removal of polyps. If your physician orders a diagnostic colonoscopy, your outpatient hospital cost share applies.

Also, in certain circumstances a preventive screening colonoscopy can become a diagnostic colonoscopy during the procedure itself. This happens when a physician finds a polyp or other abnormal findings that require removal of the polyp or a biopsy. If this happens you become responsible for any out-of-pocket costs, such as but not limited to your diagnostic test copay or coinsurance, costs for physician and outpatient hospital or facility fees, etc.

Complaint – The formal name for *making a complaint* is *filing a grievance*. The complaint process is used *only* for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Coordination of Benefits ("COB") - Coordination of Benefits is the process of determining which of two or more insurance policies will have the primary responsibility of processing/paying a claim and the extent to which the other policies will contribute. Medicare never pays first if another plan is primary. COB is intended to prevent the duplication of benefits when a member is covered by more than one insurance carrier, including other health insurance, retiree benefits, auto insurance, workers compensation, etc.

Copayment (or copay) – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription. A copayment is a set amount (for example $10), rather than a percentage.

Cost Sharing – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services are received. Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services are covered; (2) any fixed *copayment* amount that a plan requires when a specific service is received; or (3) any *coinsurance* amount, a

percentage of the total amount paid for a service, that a plan requires when a specific service is received.

Covered Services – The term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who do not have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

Customer Service – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

Diagnostic – A diagnostic test or procedure done to establish the presence or absence of a disease. Diagnostic tests can be performed at any time if there are symptoms and/or signs that suggest that a condition or disease may be present and a test is needed to confirm the diagnosis. Many times, it is done in order to explain symptoms identified by your physician. This test is then used as a basis for on-going treatment decisions when you have been diagnosed or confirmed as having a certain disease. A diagnostic test is not the same as a screening. And, sometimes a preventive screening can turn diagnostic during the procedure. For example, if you go in for a preventive screening colonoscopy and during the procedure your physician finds a polyp or other abnormal findings that require removal of the polyp or a biopsy the screening becomes diagnostic.

Discharge – A discharge happens when you are released from an inpatient hospital, skilled nursing or other hospital setting to go home or go to another care setting. This includes when you are physically discharged from the hospital to another facility or a unit and/or bed within the same facility as well as when you are discharged "on paper," meaning that you remain in the hospital but at a higher or lower level of care. For example, when you are moved to custodial care or a hospital with more advanced treatment options. See also Custodial Care for further information.

Disenroll or **Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

Dual Eligible Special Needs Plans (D-SNP) – D-SNPs enroll individuals who are entitled to both Medicare (title XVIII of the Social Security Act) and medical assistance from a state plan under Medicaid (title XIX). States cover some Medicare costs, depending on the state and the individual's eligibility.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME) – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

Elective Surgery – An elective surgery is a planned, non-emergency surgical procedure. It may be medically required (e.g. cataract surgery) or optional (e.g. cosmetic procedure) surgery. It may or may not require a prior authorization.

Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: 1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Extra Help – A Medicare or a State program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

Grievance - A type of complaint you make about our plan or providers, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

Home Health Aide – A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

Hospice – A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an *outpatient*.

Hospital Outpatient (Clinic) Billing – See "Provider-Based Billing."

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins three months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends three months after the month you turn 65.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) – See "Extra Help."

Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for in-network covered services. Amounts you pay for your plan premiums, Medicare Part A and Part B premiums do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Medically Accepted Indication – A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period – The time period from January 1 until March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan or obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is also available for a 3-month period after an individual is first eligible for Medicare.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an i) HMO, ii) PPO, a iii) Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a iv) Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**.

Medicare Cost Plan – A Medicare Cost Plan is a plan operated by a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) or Competitive Medical Plan (CMP) in accordance with a cost-reimbursed contract under section 1876(h) of the Act.

Medicare-Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans, must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-Covered Services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill **gaps** in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member) – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Network Provider – Provider is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. **Network providers** have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called *plan providers*.

Observation (or "Observation stay") – An observation stay is an outpatient hospital stay in which you receive medically necessary Medicare-covered services while a decision is being made about whether further treatment requires you to be admitted as an inpatient or if you are well enough to be discharged to your home. You may stay more than one day during an observation stay. Observation services may be given in the emergency department or another area of the hospital. See also "**Hospital Inpatient Stay**" and "**Outpatient**."

Optional Supplemental Benefits – Non-Medicare-covered benefits that can be purchased for an additional premium and are not included in your package of benefits. You must voluntarily elect Optional Supplemental Benefits in order to get them.

Organization Determination – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called *coverage decisions* in this document.

Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-service Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility – A provider or facility that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

Out-of-Pocket Costs – See the definition for *cost sharing* above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services received is also referred to as the member's *out-of-pocket* cost requirement.

Outpatient - Outpatient as used in this EOC means you are receiving medical care or treatment from licensed health care professionals in various medical specialties which does not require you to be admitted as an inpatient to a hospital. See also "**Hospital Inpatient Stay**" and "**Observation**." See "**Ambulatory Surgical Center**" and "**Outpatient Hospital Facility**" for descriptions of different types of facilities where you can get outpatient care.

Outpatient Hospital Facility - An outpatient hospital facility is an area of a hospital or a stand-alone facility focused on providing same-day surgical care, including diagnostic and preventive procedures. An outpatient hospital facility is different than an ambulatory surgical center (ASC). ASCs are a separate identifiable legal entity from any other health care facility, such as a hospital, and outpatient hospital facilities are a legal entity of the hospital. See **"Ambulatory Surgical Center."**

PACE plan – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term care (LTC) services for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan.

Part A – Original Medicare which is administered directly by the federal government has two parts, Part A and Part B. Medicare Part A covers inpatient hospital stays, care in a skilled nursing facility, hospice care, and some home health care. It is free if you have worked and paid Social Security taxes for at least 40 calendar quarters (10 years); you will pay a monthly premium if you have worked and paid taxes for less time.

Part B – Original Medicare which is administered directly by the federal government has two parts, Part A and Part B. Medicare Part B covers physician and outpatient services. You pay a monthly premium for this coverage.

Part B Drugs – Drugs that are covered under Medicare Part B. A limited number of outpatient prescription drugs under limited conditions are covered. Generally, drugs covered under Part B are drugs you wouldn't usually give to yourself, like an injection you get at a doctor's office or hospital outpatient setting. Drugs that are self-administered are generally covered under Part D.

Part C – see Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

Primary Care Physician (PCP) – The doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider.

Primary Care Setting – as one in which there is a provision of integrated, accessible health care services by clinicians who are accountable for addressing a large majority of personal health care needs, developing a sustained partnership with patients, and practicing in the context of family and community. Emergency departments, inpatient hospital settings, ambulatory surgical centers, independent diagnostic testing facilities, skilled nursing facilities, inpatient rehabilitation facilities, and hospices are not considered primary care settings under this definition.

Prior Authorization – Approval in advance to get services. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

Prosthetics and Orthotics – Medical devices including, but are not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Provider-Based Billing (also referred to as "Hospital-Based Outpatient Billing") –

Provider-based billing (or hospital-based billing) is a national model of practice used by large integrated delivery systems. What this means is that the provider's office is owned and operated by a hospital system, whether it is on the hospital's campus or off-site. Some providers choose to

be set up this way, others don't. Providers who are in a system that utilizes provider-based billing submit two bills when seeing patients, one for the professional service rendered and one for the outpatient hospital facility where the service was provided.

Your costs may include the primary care or specialty care office visit copay *plus* the amount you are required to pay for outpatient hospital facility services.

Medicare allows providers to bill this way. To find out if your providers and clinics bill like this, ask them. Other terms for this billing process are "**hospital-based outpatient billing**" and **"split-billing."**

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Screening – A screening is a test used to detect early disease or risk factors for disease when you have no signs or symptoms. A screening associated with a Medicare Preventive Services Guideline (for example, diabetes screening, cardiovascular screening, prostate cancer screening, etc.) must be billed according to Medicare preventive services billing rules in order for you to get zero cost sharing on your in-network benefit level. NOTE: When you have a sign or symptom and you are diagnosed and treated for a condition, further testing, whether annually or on an on-going basis, is considered diagnostic (see "Diagnostic").

Service Area – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan's service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

Split Billing – See "Provider-Based Billing".

Standard Cost Sharing– Standard cost sharing is cost sharing other than preferred cost sharing offered at a network pharmacy.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Telemedicine - Telemedicine is the use of synchronous telecommunications between a patient and a healthcare professional for the purpose of improving or maintaining health. Synchronous communications include audio and visual equipment capable of transmitting two-way, real-time communications between an individual at the originating site and the healthcare professional at the distant site. Telemedicine is generally not audio-only and would typically also involve the application of secure video-conferencing; however, Michigan law gives providers the option of using audio and/or video technology.

Therapeutic radiology – Therapeutic radiology is the treatment of disease (especially cancer) with radiation. It is sometimes referred to as radiation therapy or radiation oncology. It includes physician management.

Urgently Needed Services – Covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.

Notice of Privacy Practices

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

HAP
Alliance Health and Life Insurance Company®
HAP Empowered Health Plan, Inc.
Effective August 8, 2023

Your protected health information

PHI stands for protected health information. PHI can be used to identify you. It includes information such as your name, age, sex, address and member ID number, as well as your:

- Physical or mental health
- Health care services
- Payment for care

You can ask HAP to give your PHI to people you choose. To do this, fill out our release form. You can find it at **hap.org/privacy**.

Your privacy

Keeping your PHI safe is important to HAP. We're required by law to keep your PHI private. We must also tell you about our legal duties and privacy practices. This notice explains:

- How we use information about you
- When we can share it with others
- Your rights related to your PHI
- How you can use your rights

When we use the term "HAP," "we" or "us" in this notice, we're referring to HAP and its subsidiaries. These include Alliance Health and Life Insurance Company and HAP Empowered Health Plan, Inc.

How we protect your PHI

We protect your PHI in written, spoken and electronic form. Our employees and others who handle your information must follow our policies on privacy and technology use. Anyone who starts working for HAP must state that they have read these policies. And they must state that they will protect your PHI even after they leave HAP. Our employees and contractors can only use the PHI necessary to do their jobs. And they may not use or share your information except in the ways outlined in this notice.

Our use and disclosure of your PHI must comply with both Michigan and federal privacy laws regulations. There are also Michigan and federal laws and regulations that place additional restrictions on the use and disclosure of certain types of PHI, including PHI about mental health, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS conditions, and certain genetic information.

For example, in most cases your written consent is needed before using or disclosing psychotherapy notes (if recorded or maintained by us), documents related to your use of Suboxone, sending you marketing information about 3rd party products or services for which we are receiving direct or indirect payment, or the sale of medical information about you, unless it is otherwise allowed by law. Your consent can always be revoked in writing, but it will not apply to any uses or disclosures that were made before you revoked your consent.

Notice of Privacy Practices

How we use or share your PHI

We only share your information with those who must know for:

- Treatment
- Payments
- Business tasks

Treatment

We may share your PHI with your doctors, hospitals or other providers to help them:

- Provide treatment. For example, if you're in the hospital, we may let them see records from your doctor.
- Manage your health care. For example, we might talk to your doctor to suggest a HAP program that could help improve your health.

Payment

We may use or share your PHI to help us figure out who must pay for your medical bills. We may also use or share your PHI to:

- Collect premiums
- Determine which benefits you can get
- Figure out who pays when you have other insurance

Business tasks

As allowed by law, we may share your PHI with:

- Companies affiliated with HAP
- Other companies that help with HAP's everyday work
- Others who help provide or pay for your health care

We may share your information with others who help us do business. If we do, they must keep your information private and secure. And they must return or destroy it when they no longer need it for our business.

It may be used to:

- Evaluate how good care is and how much it improves. This may include provider peer review.
- Make sure health care providers are qualified and have the right credentials.
- Review medical outcomes.
- Review health claims.
- Prevent, find and investigate fraud and abuse.
- Decide what is covered by your policy and how much it will cost. But, we are not allowed to use or share genetic information to do that.
- Do pricing and insurance tasks.
- Help members manage their health care and get help managing their care.
- Communicate with you about treatment options or other health-related benefits and services.
- Do general business tasks, such as quality reviews and customer service.

Notice of Privacy Practices

Other permitted uses

We may also be permitted or required to share your PHI:

With you

- To tell you about medical treatments and programs or health-related products and services that may interest you. For example, we might send you information on how to stop smoking or lose weight.
- For health reminders, such as refilling a prescription or scheduling tests to keep you healthy or find diseases early.
- To contact you, by phone or mail, for surveys. For example, each year we ask our members about their experience with HAP.

With a friend or family member

- With a friend, family member or other person who, by law, may act on your behalf. For example, parents can get information about their children covered by HAP.
- With a friend or family member in an unusual situation, such as a medical emergency, if we think it's in your best interests. For example, if you have an emergency in a foreign country and can't contact us directly. In that case, we may speak with a friend or family member who is acting on your behalf.
- With someone who helps pay for your care. For example, if your spouse contacts us about a claim, we may tell him or her whether the claim has been paid.

With the government

- For public health needs in the case of a health or safety threat such as disease or a disaster.
- For U.S. Food and Drug Administration investigations. These might include probes into harmful events, product defects or product recalls.
- For health oversight activities authorized by law.
- For court proceedings and law enforcement uses.
- With the police or other authority in case of abuse, neglect or domestic violence.
- With a coroner or medical examiner to identify a body, find out a cause of death or as authorized by law. We may also share member information with funeral directors.
- To comply with worker's compensation laws.
- To report to state and federal agencies that regulate HAP and its subsidiaries. These may include the:
    - U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
    - Michigan Department of Insurance and Financial Services
    - Michigan Department of Health and Human Services
    - Federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
- To protect the U.S. president.

For research or transplants

- For research purposes that meet privacy standards. For example, researchers want to compare outcomes for patients who took a certain drug and must review a series of medical records.
- To receive, bank or transplant organs, eyes or tissue.

Notice of Privacy Practices

With your employer or plan sponsor
We may use or share your PHI with an employee benefit plan through which you get health benefits. It is only shared when the employer or plan sponsor needs it to manage your health plan.

Except for enrollment information or summary health information and as otherwise required by law, we only share your PHI with an employer or plan sponsor if they have guaranteed in writing that it will be kept private and won't be used improperly.

To use or share your PHI for any other reason, we must get your written permission. If you give us permission, you may change your mind and cancel it. But it will not apply to information we've already shared.
Treatment Alternatives, Health Benefits, Fundraising, and Marketing: We may use and disclose your PHI to contact you about treatment alternatives, health-related benefits, products or services or to provide gifts of nominal value to you or your family. We may also contact you to raise funds for Health Alliance Plan or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates.

Organized health care arrangement

HAP and HAP affiliates covered by this Notice of Privacy Practices and Henry Ford Health and its affiliates are part of an organized health care arrangement. Its goal is to deliver higher quality health care more efficiently and to take part in quality measure programs, such as the Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set. HEDIS is a set of standards used to measure the performance of a health plan. In other words, HEDIS is a report card for managed care plans.

The Henry Ford Health organized health care arrangement includes:

- HAP
- Alliance Health and Life Insurance Company
- HAP Empowered Health Plan, Inc.
- Henry Ford Health

Henry Ford's organized health care arrangement lets these organizations share PHI. This is only done if allowed by law and when needed for treatment, payment or business tasks relating to the organized health care arrangement.

This list of organizations may be updated. You can access the current list at **hap.org/privacy** or call us at **(800) 422-4641 (TTY: 711)**. When required, we will tell you about any changes in a revised Notice of Privacy Practices.

Your rights

These are your rights with respect to your information. If you would like to exercise any of these rights, please contact us. The contact information is in the "Who to contact" section at the end of this document. You may have to make your requests in writing.

You have the following rights:

Notice of Privacy Practices

Right to see your PHI and get a copy
With some exceptions, you have the right to see or get a copy of PHI in records we use to make decisions about your health coverage. This includes our enrollment, payment, claims resolutions and case or medical management notes. If we deny your request, we'll tell you why and whether you have a right to further review.

You may have to fill out a form to get PHI and pay a fee for copies. We'll tell you if there are fees in advance. You may choose to cancel or change your request.

Right to ask us to change your PHI
If we deny your request for changes in PHI, we'll explain why in writing. If you disagree, you may have your disagreement noted in our records. If we accept your request to change the information, we'll make reasonable efforts to tell others of the change, including people you name. In this case, the information you give us must be correct. And we cannot delete any part of a legal record, such as a claim submitted by your doctor.

Right to know about disclosures
You have the right to know about certain disclosures of your PHI. HAP does not have to inform you of all PHI we release. We are not required to tell you about PHI shared or used for treatment, payment and business tasks. And we do not have to tell you about information we shared with you or based on your authorization. But you may request a list of other disclosures made during the six years prior to your request.

Your first list in any 12-month period is free. However, if you ask for another list within 12 months of receiving your free list, we may charge you a fee. We'll tell you if there are fees in advance. You may choose to cancel or change your request.

Right to know about data breaches that compromise your PHI
If there is a breach of your unsecured PHI, we'll tell you about it as required by law or in cases when we deem it appropriate.

Right to ask us to limit how we use or share your PHI
You may ask us to limit how we use or share your PHI for treatment, payment or business tasks. You also have the right to ask us to limit PHI shared with family members or others involved in your health care or payment for it. We do not have to agree to these limits. But if we do, we'll follow them - unless needed for emergency treatment or the law requires us to share your PHI. In that case, we will tell you that we must end our agreement.

Right to request private communications
If you believe that you would be harmed if we send your PHI to your current mailing address (for example, in a case of domestic dispute or violence), you can ask us to send it another way. We can send it by fax or to another address. We will try to meet any fair requests.

You have a right to get a paper copy of this notice.

Opt-Out Options: We may use and disclose your medical information in a Health Information Exchange (HIE), when raising funds or conducting marketing campaigns as described in the sections above. In regard to fundraising, Health Alliance Plan or our OHCA Members may participate in these activities and we ask that you aid us in our efforts, while being confident that we are protecting your medical information. If you wish to opt-out of any of these activities, you have the right to request to do so in writing. If after choosing to opt-out you wish to opt-back-in, you may also do so in writing.

Notice of Privacy Practices

Changes to the privacy statement

We have the right to make changes to this notice. If we make changes, the new notice will be effective for all the PHI we have. Once we make changes, we'll send you the new notice by U.S. mail and post it on our website.

Who to contact

To exercise any of the rights listed above, contact Customer Service at (800) 422-4641 (TTY:711)

To opt out, opt back in or object to a specific use or disclosure, or if you have any questions about this notice or about how we use or share member information, please send a written request to:

- Mail: HAP and HAP Empowered Information Privacy & Security Office, One Ford Place, Detroit, MI 48202
- Email: IPSO@hfhs.org

Complaints

If you believe your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint with us. Contact the Information Privacy & Security Office above or HAP's Compliance Hotline at **(877) 746-2501 (TTY: 711)**. You can stay anonymous. You may also notify the secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services of your complaint. We will not take any action against you for filing a complaint.

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Nondiscrimination Notice

Health Alliance Plan of Michigan (HAP) complies with applicable federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex. HAP does not exclude people or treat them differently because of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex.

HAP provides:

- Free aids and services to help people communicate effectively with us
  - Qualified sign language interpreters
  - Written information in other formats (large print, audio, accessible electronic formats, others)
- Free language services to people whose primary language is not English
  - Qualified interpreters
  - Information written in other languages

If you need these services, contact HAP's customer service manager:

General - (800) 422-4641 (TTY: 711) **Medicare -** (800) 801-1770 (TTY: 711)

If you believe that HAP has failed to provide these services or discriminated on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex, you can file a grievance with HAP's Appeal & Grievance team. Use the information below:

- **Mail:** 1414 E. Maple Rd., Troy, Michigan 48083
- **Phone:** **General** - (800) 422-4641 (TTY: 711) **Medicare -** (800) 801-1770 (TTY: 711)
- **Fax:** (313) 664-5866

You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights.

- **Online:** Use the Office for Civil Rights' Complaint Portal Assistant at: **ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf.**
- **Mail:** U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 200 Independence Avenue SW., Room 509F, HHH Building, Washington, DC 20201.
- **Phone:** (800) 368-1019 or TTY: (800) 537-7697.

Complaint forms are also available at **www.hhs.gov/ocr/filing-with-ocr/**

Form Approved
OMB# 0938-1421

Multi-Language Insert

Multi-language Interpreter Services

English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711). Someone who speaks English/Language can help you. This is a free service.

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete gratis para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan médico o de medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, llame al 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711). Alguien que hable español lo podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratis.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的口译服务，帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑问。如果您需要这项口译服务，请致电 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711)。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。这是一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存在疑問，為此我們提供免費的傳譯服務。如需傳譯服務，請致電 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711)。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供協助。這是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o gamutan. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711). Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay isang libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime d'assurance maladie ou d'assurance médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, vous pouvez nous appeler au 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711). Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương trình sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quí vị cần thông dịch viên, xin gọi 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711), sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quí vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihnen gerne Fragen zu unseren Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelprogrammen. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711). Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711) 번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или плана предоставления медикаментов, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711). Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

Arabic: إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على مترجم فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على **1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711)**. سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية بمساعدتك. هذه خدمة مجانية.

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके किसी भी प्रश्न का उत्तर देने के लिए हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषिया सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं। एक दुभाषिया प्राप्त करने के लिए, बस हमें 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711) पर फोन करें। कोई व्यक्ति जो हिन्दी भाषा बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है। यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है।

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711). Un nostro incaricato che parla italiano vi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portuguese: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que você tenha quanto ao nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, entre em contato conosco pelo número 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711). Você encontrará alguém que fale o idioma Português para ajudá-lo. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèpretasyon gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal oswa plan medikaman nou an. Pou w jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711). Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat ubezpieczenia zdrowotnego lub refundacji leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer 1-800-801-1770 (TTY: 711). Usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の医療保険や医薬品に関する質問にお答えするため、無料の通訳サービスをご用意しております。通訳サービスをご希望の方は、1-800-801-1770（TTY: 711）までお電話ください。日本語を話せるスタッフがご対応いたします。こちらは無料のサービスです。

HAP Medicare MedicalAccess Customer Service

Method	Customer Service – Contact Information
CALL	*(800) 801-1770* Calls to this number are free. Our normal business hours are: April 1st through September 30th: Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; October 1st through March 31st: Seven days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Prescription drug benefit related calls: Available 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711. Calls to this number are free. Our normal business hours are: April 1st through September 30th: Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; October 1st through March 31st: Seven days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Prescription drug benefit related calls: Available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
WRITE	HAP Medicare Solutions, ATTN: Customer Service, 1414 East Maple Rd., Troy, MI 48083
WEBSITE	*www.hap.org/medicare*

Michigan Medicare/Medicaid Assistance Program

Michigan Medicare/Medicaid Assistance Program is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Method	Contact Information
CALL	*(800) 801-1770*
TTY	(888) 263-5897 Office hours are 8:00 am to 7:00 pm EST, Monday through Friday (except holidays).
WRITE	6105 W. St. Joseph Hwy, Suite 204, Lansing, MI 48917-4850
WEBSITE	*www.mmapinc.org*

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